

# Fisheries Connectivity; Concepts and Examples

Nicholas Kludt, Ph.D. | Red River Fisheries Specialist



Division of Fish and Wildlife | www.dnr.state.us

# Today's "Field Trip"

## • Welcome to the Red River Basin





# Today's "Field Trip"

## • Welcome to the Red River Basin











# **Today's Concepts**

- River Habitat
  Concepts
- Fish Ecology & Connectivity
- Connectivity Case Studies



# **River Habitat and Biology**

- Patadromy (freshwater migration) is common among river species
- River habitat gradients influence ecology and movement



### **Headwaters**











## River Continuum Concept

• Unifying ecological explanation of systems

## Rivers are a gradient

- Communities
- Nutrients
- Habitat



## • Red River Basin

- Landscape shaped by glacial forces
  - Glacial Lake Agassiz
- Landscape variation creates strong stream habitat gradients
- Habitat gradients are critical to stream function and fishery



## • Stream Habitat Types



**Glacial Lake Bed Streams** 

- Large rivers
- Very low gradient
- Highly sinuous
- Pools and runs, few riffles
- Sand, silt & clay substrate

#### Key Habitat Notes

- Deep water habitat
- Overwintering for larger spp.
- General lack of spawning habitat

## • Stream Habitat Types



**Beach Ridge Streams** 

- Medium & smaller streams
- Relatively high gradient
- Less sinuous
- Riffles & pools common
- Rocky substrates common

#### Key Habitat Notes

- Higher habitat diversity
- More riffles, key for spawning



## • Stream Habitat Types



**Moraine Streams** 

- Smaller & headwater streams
- Lake and wetland chains common
- Various substrates & gradients

#### Key Habitat Notes

 High habitat diversity; varies among systems

# **Connectivity Concepts**

## Habitat connectivity connects life cycles









# **Connectivity Concepts**

## Habitat connectivity connects life cycles









- Barrier Impacts on Native Species
  - Statewide 37% species missing upstream
  - Red River Basin 34 % species missing upstream

**Reconnecting Rivers:** Natural Channel Design in Dam Removal and Fish Passage



Minnesota Department of Natural Resources First Edition



 Restoring critical habitat access for multiple species, life stages yields ecosystem-scale impacts

Seasonal



### **Headwaters**











## • Freshwater Mussels





• Freshwater Mussels





# **Connectivity Benefits**

## **Examples of Connectivity Benefits**

- Single species explanations
  - Specific project examples
- Native community & basin status

# **Typical Connectivity Improvement**



## Rock Arch Rapids & "Natural Channel Design"

# Walleye Benefits



#### **Life History Modes**

**Climate & Reproduction** 

tence (n = 59)

# Walleye Benefits



Spawning Habitat & Connectivity Program

400

## History of decline





Recovery effort



60



• Signs of success, spring of 2022

 1<sup>st</sup> verified Red River Basin spawning event in over 100 years!



## **Spawning Habitat & Connectivity**

- Spring 2023
- Repeated effort, and <u>new sites</u>





## **Spawning Habitat & Connectivity**

# **Connectivity Benefits**

## **Examples of Connectivity Benefits**

- Single species explanations
- Specific project examples
- Native community & basin status

- Red Lake River
  - Reconnected hundreds of miles in RLR & tributaries



View of dam from right hank

Unstream view of completed rapids



- Red Lake River
  - Reconnected hundreds of miles in RLR & tributaries

2000 – 0.05/net 2005 – 10.7/net

2000 – 0.16/net 2005 – 0.85/net

TRF angler – "1<sup>st</sup> Sauger I've caught here in 45 years!"





• Sand Hill River

## **Pre-Project**

*"It's just not worth fishing those upper 50 miles..."* - Local Angler





• Sand Hill River

## Post-Project



"We had a great summer fishing – lots of pike. Walleye, bass & catfish, too! We never used to get those."









## • Two Rivers

### **Pre-Project**

*"Growing up, we all knew fish couldn't get up the dam."* - Local Angler





## • Two Rivers

### Post-Project



"Despite the 2021 drought, Channel Catfish have established a fishable population upstream. Several other species also returned, despite extreme low flows."



# **Connectivity Benefits**

## **Examples of Connectivity Benefits**

- Single species explanations
- Specific project examples
- Native community & basin status

# **Red River Progress**

## Native species recoveries

	River	Missing	Recolonized	% Recovery
	Otter Tail	9	8	88
	Buffalo	22	15	68
	Wild Rice	20	16	80
A PROPERTY	Sand Hill	25	12	48







# **Red River Progress**

- Since 1991:
  - 79 barriers identified
  - 69 barriers targeted

• 40 barriers modified

14 current projects

Cleared: 58%

78%



# **Red River Progress**

# **Currently Funded**

- LSOHC 7 projects
- CPL 2 projects
- USACE 2 projects





# **General Takeaways**

- Connectivity is essential for natural aquatic ecosystems.
- Aquatic systems and fish populations generally recover after barriers are removed.
- Connectivity investments improve fishing opportunities, and sustain native species.



Connectivity project site use, numerous species



## Nicholas Kludt, Ph.D.

Minnesota Department of Natural Resources

14583 County Highway 19

Detroit Lakes, MN 56501

Phone: 218-846-8298

Nicholas.Kludt@state.mn.us