

# Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council ML 2026 Northern Tallgrass Prairie National Wildlife Refuge Phase XVI ML 2026 Request for Funding

## General Information

**Date:** 06/26/2025

**Proposal Title:** ML 2026 Northern Tallgrass Prairie National Wildlife Refuge Phase XVI

**Funds Requested:** $9,886,200

**Confirmed Leverage Funds:** $350,000

**Is this proposal Scalable?:** Yes

### Manager Information

**Manager's Name:** Chris McGrath **Title:** Associate Director of Protection **Organization:** The Nature Conservancy **Address:** 1101 West River Parkway Suite 200 **City:** Minneapolis, MN 55415 **Email:** c.mcgrath@tnc.org **Office Number:** 6123310752 **Mobile Number:** 7155582451 **Fax Number:**   **Website:** www.nature.org

### Location Information

**County Location(s):** Nicollet, Becker, Brown, Chippewa, Big Stone, Clay, Cottonwood, Grant, Jackson, Kittson, Kandiyohi, Marshall, Lyon, Mahnomen, Lincoln, Lac qui Parle, Murray, Nobles, Norman, Otter Tail, Pipestone, Pennington, Red Lake, Pope, Redwood, Polk, Renville, Rock, Stearns, Wilkin, Roseau, Swift, Stevens, Traverse, Yellow Medicine and Martin.

**Eco regions in which work will take place:**

Prairie

Forest / Prairie Transition

**Activity types:**

Protect in Easement

Protect in Fee

**Priority resources addressed by activity:**

Prairie

## Narrative

### Abstract

The Nature Conservancy and US Fish and Wildlife Service will work together to permanently protect native prairie and associated complexes of wetlands and native habitats in western and central Minnesota by purchasing approximately 1,725 acres of fee title properties and/or permanent habitat easements, and restoration & enhancement of approximately 1,060 acres. Approximately 1,092 acres will be native prairie. Work will be focused in priority areas identified in the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan that have significant biodiversity by the Minnesota Biological Survey.

### Design and Scope of Work

The Northern Tallgrass Prairie National Wildlife Refuge (Refuge) was established in 2000 to address the loss of America’s grasslands and the decline of grassland wildlife. The Refuge was created to permanently preserve and restore a portion of our disappearing tallgrass prairie. The Refuge is authorized to work in the prairie landscapes of western Minnesota and northwestern Iowa.  
  
To date, the Refuge has protected more than 15,027 acres. Funding from the Outdoor Heritage Fund (OHF) will allow The Nature Conservancy (TNC) and US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), working in partnership, to significantly accelerate this progress. TNC and USFWS will cooperate on protecting approximately 1,725 acres of native prairie and associated habitat in the 49 Minnesota counties within the Refuge boundary. We expect to protect approximately 1,500 acres with permanent habitat easements and approximately 225 acres in fee title.  
  
This program’s work is targeted at protecting high-quality native habitat in areas with existing concentrations of native prairie, wetlands, and protected lands. The lands protected will consist of native prairie and associated habitats including wetlands, streams, coulees, and lakes.  
  
Potential acquisitions are reviewed using the following criteria:  
1) Is there untilled native prairie on the tract? If not, is it adjacent to untilled native prairie?  
2) Is the property in a priority area (core/corridor/complex) identified in the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan (Prairie Plan)?  
3) Is it adjacent to an existing complex of protected land?  
4) Was it identified by Minnesota Biological Survey (Biological Survey) or FWS biologists as having concentrations of threatened and endangered species and communities?  
5) Is it suitable for public recreation?  
  
Previous OHF support has allowed the partners to make significant progress towards our shared goal of protecting and buffering the remaining native prairie. The first property was acquired in March, 2013. Since then, approximately 9,406 acres have been added to the Refuge with OHF funding. Of these, approximately 5,956 acres (approximately 63.3%) are classified as untilled native prairie. Additional habitat includes approximately 719 acres of wetlands, 31 miles of stream front, and more than 2.5 miles of lakefront.   
  
We have $4,144,750 in signed conservation easement agreements with landowners for the protection of approximately 1,008 acres and are negotiating with landowners for an additional $4,768,900 of conservation easements for the permanent protection of 1,670 acres. In total, there are $8,913,650 of signed & negotiated conservation easements for the permanent protection of 2,678 acres. Resulting from the strong TNC & USFWS partnership, our combined experience & expertise with this program, and the long list of interested landowners we're in contact with, we anticipate that this high level of demand for conservation easements will continue well into the future, including the active funding years of ML 2026's appropriation.  
  
With the continued support from the Outdoor Heritage Fund, this program will continue to make lasting progress towards protecting Minnesota’s native prairies and the wildlife that depend on those lands.

### Explain how the proposal addresses habitat protection, restoration, and/or enhancement for fish, game & wildlife, including threatened or endangered species conservation

The NTP NWR program takes the approach that specific species are best protected by conserving high-quality habitat in the most critical prairie areas.  
  
This focus on habitat quality has produced results. Of the 9,406 acres protected, approximately 52% have been identified as having significant biodiversity by the Biological Survey. These high-quality lands provide habitat for a wide range of species, from game species to those that are endangered, threatened, or in greatest conservation need.   
  
Biological Survey field work has identified populations of 29 rare species located wholly or partially on NTP NWR properties protected with OHF-funding. Benefited species include:  
  
Birds – Henslow's sparrow (endangered), Wilson’s phalarope (threatened), greater prairie-chicken, marbled godwit, short-eared owl, bald eagle, and yellow rail   
Butterflies – Dakota skipper (endangered), Poweshiek skipperling (endangered), arogos skipper, Pawnee skipper, and regal fritillary   
Fish - Topeka shiner (endangered)   
Reptiles - Blanding’s turtle (threatened)  
Plants – prairie bush clover (federally threatened), sterile sedge (threatened), hair-like beak rush (threatened), western white prairie clover, blanket flower, buffalo grass, few-flowered spikerush, Hall’s sedge, least moonwort, Missouri milk-vetch, mudwort, prairie mimosa, slender milk-vetch, slender plantain, and small white lady’s slipper.  
  
Highlights over the past year included the protection of 828 grassland acres, including 698 acres of untilled native prairie, 28 acres of wetlands, 2.3 miles of stream frontage, much of which identified as critical habitat for the Topeka Shiner, a federally listed species, and other populations of federally listed species & Species in Greatest Conservation Need.   
  
Future acquisition work will be guided by this same focus on high-quality, diverse habitat, benefiting a wide range of species. As we successfully continue with the program to protect the last remaining native prairie in MN, we are seeing climate resiliency benefits resulting from increased enhancement and restoration investments. To that end, this proposal includes an increase in requested funding for the enhancement and restoration of approximately 1,060 acres. This increase also takes into consideration the MN Department of Labor & Industry (DLI) prevailing wage requirements.

### What are the elements of this proposal that are critical from a timing perspective?

While native prairie once covered one-third of Minnesota, this habitat type has experienced steep declines in recent decades, and it is estimated that only approximately 1% of untilled prairie remains. Many of these remaining areas are small and geographically isolated from each other. Conversion of the few remaining native prairie areas to cropland, sand and gravel mining, and residential development has been a consistent and real threat in many areas of the state. To protect these irreplaceable habitats, it is essential to either place them in public ownership through fee acquisition, which allows the public to enjoy the habitats for recreation or hunting/fishing, or to prevent the conversion of these habitats with permanent conservation easements.

### Describe how the proposal expands habitat corridors or complexes and/or addresses habitat fragmentation:

In addition to an evaluation based on the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan and location in a Prairie Core, Corridor, or Complex, every proposed project is evaluated using Survey information on: 1) native prairie sites, 2) rare, threatened and endangered species locations, and 3) areas of biodiversity significance.   
  
The selection criteria also recognize the importance of building on existing complexes and reducing fragmentation. If a prairie is small or isolated, the animal and plant species that live there are at risk. The best approach is conserving larger areas, like the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan’s cores/complexes/corridors, that have the scale, species diversity, and connectivity to support functioning prairie systems over the long-term.   
  
The numbers shared above demonstrate this program’s success at identifying and protecting biologically significant lands located in areas with existing complexes of habitat and protected lands.

### Which top 2 Conservation Plans referenced in MS97A.056, subd. 3a are most applicable to this project?

Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan

Northern Tallgrass Prairie Habitat Preservation Area (HPA) Final Environmental Impact Statement

### Explain how this proposal will uniquely address habitat resilience to climate change and its anticipated effects on game, fish & wildlife species utilizing the protected or restored/enhanced habitat this proposal targets.

Three quarters of the carbon dioxide emissions driven by humans have occurred since 1950. We have seen a nearly 70% average decline of birds, amphibians, mammals, fish and reptiles since just 1970. A key component of our evaluation of the conservation significance of a habitat easement or fee acquisition is TNC's Resilient and Connected Network analysis (RCN). The RCN analysis we engage in for every acquisition project determines the climate resiliency of the habitat we’re acquiring, and we prioritize acquisitions of habitat with higher climate resiliency. Higher climate resiliency is critical for species to survive and thrive in a world that faces significant climate change and biodiversity loss. Once acquired, we take actions to protect, better manage and restore habitat to maximize biodiversity and climate resiliency, including the use of locally wild-collected seeds (local ecotypes) for prairie restorations.

### Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this proposal?

**Forest / Prairie Transition**

Protect, enhance, and restore rare native remnant prairie

**Prairie**

Protect, enhance, and restore remnant native prairie, Big Woods forests, and oak savanna

### Describe how this project/program will produce and demonstrate a significant and permanent conservation legacy and/or outcomes for fish, game, and wildlife, and if not permanent outcomes, why it is important to undertake at this time:

This program targets areas with existing remnant native prairie and oak savanna, and the percentage of remnant prairie is one of the ranking factors used to evaluate and compare parcels submitted for consideration. To date, 5,956 acres (63.3%) added to the Refuge with OHF funding have been native prairie and 7,709 acres (82%) were located in either a Prairie Core or Corridor as defined by the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan.

## Outcomes

### Programs in forest-prairie transition region:

Remnant native prairies are part of large complexes of restored prairies, grasslands, and large and small wetlands ~ *The percent of native remnant prairie, as determined by the Minnesota Biological Survey and/or USFWS biologists, will be documented on each parcel. Surrounding natural habitat types and cropped areas will be evaluated as part of the ranking criteria for submitted parcels. Native prairie protection acquisitions are also evaluated by their location relative to the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan priority areas of prairie cores, corridors and strategic habitat complexes.*

### Programs in prairie region:

Remnant native prairies are part of large complexes of restored prairies, grasslands, and large and small wetlands ~ *The percent of native remnant prairie, as determined by the Minnesota Biological Survey and/or USFWS biologists, will be documented on each parcel. Surrounding natural habitat types and cropped areas will be evaluated as part of the ranking criteria for submitted parcels. Native prairie protection acquisitions are also evaluated by their location relative to the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan priority areas of prairie cores, corridors and strategic habitat complexes.*

### What other dedicated funds may collaborate with or contribute to this proposal?

N/A

### Per MS 97A.056, Subd. 24, Please explain whether the request is supplanting or is a substitution for any previous funding that was not from a legacy fund and was used for the same purpose.

This project does not substitute or supplant any previous funding. The work described in this proposal would not be funded or completed without this appropriation.

### How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended?

Outdoor Heritage Funds will be used to purchase the land in fee title or to purchase perpetual habitat easements. The land and easements purchased will be transferred to the USFWS to become units of the Northern Tallgrass Prairie National Wildlife Refuge. Long term costs for restoration, management, and wildlife/habitat/easement monitoring will be funded through annual USFWS operations funding.

### Actions to Maintain Project Outcomes

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Source of Funds** | **Step 1** | **Step 2** | **Step 3** |
| Annually | USFWS Annual Service Operating funds | Monitoring and management by USFWS managers, biologists, field staff, and realty staff to ensure the long-term health of these habitats is maintained. Activities may include burning as well as mechanical, biological, and chemical treatments. | - | - |

### Provide an assessment of how your program may celebrate cultural diversity or reach diverse communities in Minnesota, including reaching low- and moderate-income households:

The Nature Conservancy is committed to diversity, equity, inclusion, and justice, which are embedded in our code of conduct and values. We recognize that conservation is best advanced by the leadership and contributions of people of diverse backgrounds, experiences, and identities. Our hiring practices have been updated to be more inclusive. Additionally, we recognize that BIPOC and other marginalized communities experience disproportionate access to nature on private lands, making it essential to provide public lands that are accessible to, and safe for, all Minnesotans; and where diverse communities will feel welcome and safe to pursue their passions for hunting, angling, photography, hiking, and simply enjoying all the benefits that nature provides. This program, if funded, will add to the availability of lands included in the Northern Tallgrass Prairie National Wildlife Refuge, and acquired fee parcels will be open for all Minnesotans, including BIPOC and other disadvantaged communities, to enjoy.

## Activity Details

### Requirements

**Will county board or other local government approval be formally sought\*\* prior to acquisition, per 97A.056 subd 13(j)?**No

**Describe any measures to inform local governments of land acquisition under their jurisdiction:**We will follow the county/township board notification processes as directed by current statutory language.

**Is the land you plan to acquire (fee title) free of any other permanent protection?**Yes

**Is the land you plan to acquire (easement) free of any other permanent protection?**Yes

### Land Use

**Will there be planting of any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program, either by the proposer or the end owner of the property, outside of the initial restoration of the land?**Yes

**Explain what will be planted and include the maximum percentage of any acquired parcel that would be planted into foodplots by the proposer or the end owner of the property:**Short-term planting of agricultural crops is an accepted Best Management Practice for preparing a site for prairie restoration. For example, short-term use of soybeans could be used to prepare seedbeds prior to prairie plantings, which has been proven effective in decreasing the need for subsequent invasives control activities, and can shorten the amount of time that additional weed control is needed on the site. In some cases this may necessitate the use of GMO products to facilitate herbicide use to control invasives. Our process requires that neonicotinoid treated seeds are not used. We anticipate that the use of agricultural crops would not exceed 3 years on any given OHF-acquired property, and in most cases will be considerably shorter.

**Will insecticides or fungicides (including neonicotinoid and fungicide treated seed) be used within any activities of this proposal either in the process of restoration or use as food plots?**No

**Is this land currently open for hunting and fishing?**No

**Will the land be open for hunting and fishing after completion?**Yes

**Describe any variation from the State of Minnesota regulations:**Land acquired in fee title will be open to public hunting and fishing during the open season according to the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act, United States Code, Title 16, Section 668dd, et seq.

**Who will eventually own the fee title land?**

Federal

**Land acquired in fee will be designated as a:**

National Wildlife Refuge

**Will the eased land be open for public use?**No

**Are there currently trails or roads on any of the proposed acquisitions?**Yes

**Describe the types of trails or roads and the allowable uses:**Lands protected with conservation easements often include private roads or trails used by the landowners on their property

**Will the trails or roads remain and uses continue to be allowed after OHF acquisition?**Yes

**How will maintenance and monitoring be accomplished?**Landowners with easements may continue to use currently existing private roads or trails on their property

**Will new trails or roads be developed or improved as a result of the OHF acquisition?**No

**Will the land that you acquire (fee or easement) be restored or enhanced within this proposal's funding and availability?**Yes

### Other OHF Appropriation Awards

**Have you received OHF dollars through LSOHC in the past?**Yes

**Are any of these past appropriations still OPEN?**Yes

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Approp Year** | **Funding Amount Received** | **Amount Spent to Date** | **Funding Remaining** | **% Spent to Date** |
| 2025 | $3,742,000 | - | - | - |
| 2024 | $4,412,000 | - | - | - |
| 2022 | $3,870,000 | $527,534 | $3,342,466 | 13.63% |
| 2021 | $3,280,000 | $2,936,122 | $343,878 | 89.52% |
| 2020 | $2,295,000 | $1,864,162 | $430,838 | 81.23% |
| 2019 | $2,383,000 | $1,669,011 | $713,989 | 70.04% |
| 2018 | $1,893,000 | $1,899,772 | -$6,772 | 100.36% |
| Totals | $21,875,000 | $8,896,601 | $12,978,399 | 40.67% |

## Timeline

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Activity Name** | **Estimated Completion Date** |
| Closing of approximately 225 acres of fee acquisitions and approximately 1,500 acres of easement acquisitions | June 30, 2030 |
| Grassland and wetland restoration and enhancement activities on all acquired parcels to be completed. | June 30, 2034 |

## Budget

### Totals

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item** | **Funding Request** | **Total Leverage** | **Leverage Source** | **Total** |
| Personnel | $1,128,100 | $200,000 | USFWS | $1,328,100 |
| Contracts | $1,125,000 | - | - | $1,125,000 |
| Fee Acquisition w/ PILT | - | - | - | - |
| Fee Acquisition w/o PILT | $1,350,000 | $150,000 | PF NAWCA | $1,500,000 |
| Easement Acquisition | $5,250,000 | - | - | $5,250,000 |
| Easement Stewardship | - | - | - | - |
| Travel | $47,800 | - | - | $47,800 |
| Professional Services | $255,000 | - | - | $255,000 |
| Direct Support Services | $229,300 | $366,500 | TNC private funds | $595,800 |
| DNR Land Acquisition Costs | - | - | - | - |
| Capital Equipment | - | - | - | - |
| Other Equipment/Tools | $36,000 | - | - | $36,000 |
| Supplies/Materials | $465,000 | - | - | $465,000 |
| DNR IDP | - | - | - | - |
| **Grand Total** | **$9,886,200** | **$716,500** | **-** | **$10,602,700** |

### Personnel

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Position** | **Annual FTE** | **Years Working** | **Funding Request** | **Total Leverage** | **Leverage Source** | **Total** |
| TNC Staff | 3.76 | 3.0 | $1,128,100 | - | - | $1,128,100 |
| USFWS In-kind/Volunteer Contributions | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | $200,000 | USFWS | $200,000 |

**Amount of Request:** $9,886,200 **Amount of Leverage:** $716,500 **Leverage as a percent of the Request:** 7.25% **DSS + Personnel:** $1,357,400 **As a % of the total request:** 13.73% **Easement Stewardship:** - **As a % of the Easement Acquisition:** -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Total Leverage (from above)** | **Amount Confirmed** | **% of Total Leverage** | **Amount Anticipated** | **% of Total Leverage** |
| $716,500 | $350,000 | 48.85% | $366,500 | 51.15% |

**Detail leverage sources and confirmation of funds:**The Personnel line includes USFWS in-kind support. The fee acquisitions w/out PILT line includes leverage from Pheasants Forever that will be paid for through a North American Wetland Conservation Act (NAWCA) grant.

**Does this proposal have the ability to be scalable?**Yes

### If the project received 50% of the requested funding

**Describe how the scaling would affect acres/activities and if not proportionately reduced, why?**As it is more efficient to purchase larger parcels and acreages, a reduction of 50% of the requested funding would likely result in a reduction of deliverables to approximately 45-50% of the proposed amounts.

**Describe how personnel and DSS expenses would be adjusted and if not proportionately reduced, why?**We are anticipating that personnel and DSS expenses would be reduced approximately proportionally to the overall budget.

### If the project received 30% of the requested funding

**Describe how the scaling would affect acres/activities and if not proportionately reduced, why?**As it is more efficient to purchase larger parcels and acreages, a reduction of 70% of the requested funding would likely result in a reduction of deliverables to approximately 25-30% of the proposed amounts.

**Describe how personnel and DSS expenses would be adjusted and if not proportionately reduced, why?**We are anticipating that personnel and DSS expenses would be reduced approximately proportionally to the overall budget.

### Personnel

**Has funding for these positions been requested in the past?**Yes

**Please explain the overlap of past and future staffing and position levels previously received and how that is coordinated over multiple years?**This proposal is the continuation of several years of funded Northern Tallgrass Prairie National Wildlife Refuge grants that, as described above, have resulted in protecting approximately 9,406 acres to date to be managed as part of the National Wildlife Refuge. Continuity of funding across multiple phases allows us flexibility when prioritizing parcels for protection, ensures stability in our staffing model that gives us the ability to plan and prioritize projects, and allows negotiations with landowners and their families over multiple years. This flexibility is essential to continue to achieve the conservation goals so important for these endangered habitat types, given the uncertainty of when priority parcels may be available on the open market.

### Contracts

**What is included in the contracts line?**These funds are entirely for restoration and enhancement work. While this program targets primarily high-quality habitats, small areas included in the acquisition projects may need enhancement and/or restoration. It is anticipated that the majority of the contract work will consist of woody species removal, invasives removal, and seeding.

### Professional Services

**What is included in the Professional Services line?**

Appraisals

Other : Environmental Assessments

Surveys

Title Insurance and Legal Fees

### Fee Acquisition

**What is the anticipated number of fee title acquisition transactions?**It is anticipated that this program will acquire approximately 225 acres in fee title in 2+/- closed acquisition transactions.

### Travel

**Does the amount in the travel line include equipment/vehicle rental?**Yes

**Explain the amount in the travel line outside of traditional travel costs of mileage, food, and lodging**Rental car expense is also included.

**I understand and agree that lodging, meals, and mileage must comply with the current MMB Commissioner Plan:**Yes

### Direct Support Services

**How did you determine which portions of the Direct Support Services of your shared support services is direct to this program?**DSS is based on The Nature Conservancy's Federal Negotiated Rate (FNR) as proposed and approved by the US Dept. of Interior on an annual basis. In this proposal we are requesting reimbursement of 7.5% of eligible base costs as determined by our annual FNR and based on suggestions from the Council in prior years’ hearings. The FNR is not applied to capital equipment over $50,000 or land acquisition. The amount requested for reimbursement represents 38% of the total reimbursable costs allowed under the FNR. Examples of expenses included in the FNR include services from in-house legal counsel; finance; human resources; and information technology support, all of which contribute directly to the implementation of the project. We have included as leverage the $366,521 of additional project implementation expenses over and above the 7.5% resulting in total leverage of 7.3% of the proposed budget total.

### Other Equipment/Tools

**Give examples of the types of Equipment and Tools that will be purchased?**Chainsaws, safety equipment, vehicles, and other equipment and tools needed for prairie restoration and enhancement needs.

## Federal Funds

**Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program?**Yes

**Are the funds confirmed?**Yes

Cash : $150,000

In Kind : $200,000

**Is Confirmation Document attached?**[Yes](https://lsohcprojectmgmt.leg.mn/media/lsohc/proposal/federal_funds_confirmation_document/83016403-f2c.pdf)

## Output Tables

### Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Wetland** | **Prairie** | **Forest** | **Habitat** | **Total Acres** |
| Restore | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | 0 | 225 | 0 | 0 | 225 |
| Protect in Easement | 0 | 1,500 | 0 | 0 | 1,500 |
| Enhance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Total** | **0** | **1,725** | **0** | **0** | **1,725** |

### Restoration/Enhancement Acres of OHF Acquired Lands (Table 1a.1)

|  | **RESTORE** |  | **Total** | **ENHANCE** |  | **Total** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Lands acquired in this proposal** | **Lands acquired with previous OHF approprations (<5yrs old)** |  | **Lands acquired in this proposal** | **Lands acquired with previous OHF approprations (<5yrs old)** |  |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | 135 | 80 | 215 | 45 | 30 | 75 |
| Protect in Easement | 150 | 115 | 265 | 300 | 205 | 505 |
| **Total** | **285** | **195** | **480** | **345** | **235** | **580** |

### Restoration/Enhancement Acres Breakdown of Existing Protected Lands (Table 1a.2)

|  | **RESTORE** |  | **ENHANCE** |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Lands acquired with OHF** | **Lands NOT acquired with OHF** | **Lands acquired with OHF** | **Lands NOT acquired with OHF** |
| DNR Lands (WMA, State Forests, etc) | - | - | - | - |
| Non-DNR Lands (city, state, federal, etc.) | 80 | - | 30 | - |
| Easements | 115 | - | 205 | - |
| **Total** | **195** | **-** | **235** | **-** |

### How many of these Prairie acres are Native Prairie? (Table 1b)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Native Prairie (acres)** |
| Restore | 0 |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | 0 |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | 90 |
| Protect in Easement | 1,002 |
| Enhance | 0 |
| **Total** | **1,092** |

### Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Wetland** | **Prairie** | **Forest** | **Habitat** | **Total Funding** |
| Restore | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | - | $2,022,200 | - | - | $2,022,200 |
| Protect in Easement | - | $7,864,000 | - | - | $7,864,000 |
| Enhance | - | - | - | - | - |
| **Total** | **-** | **$9,886,200** | **-** | **-** | **$9,886,200** |

### Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Metro/Urban** | **Forest/Prairie** | **SE Forest** | **Prairie** | **N. Forest** | **Total Acres** |
| Restore | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | 0 | 11 | 0 | 214 | 0 | 225 |
| Protect in Easement | 0 | 75 | 0 | 1,425 | 0 | 1,500 |
| Enhance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Total** | **0** | **86** | **0** | **1,639** | **0** | **1,725** |

### Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Metro/Urban** | **Forest/Prairie** | **SE Forest** | **Prairie** | **N. Forest** | **Total Funding** |
| Restore | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | - | $98,900 | - | $1,923,300 | - | $2,022,200 |
| Protect in Easement | - | $393,200 | - | $7,470,800 | - | $7,864,000 |
| Enhance | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| **Total** | **-** | **$492,100** | **-** | **$9,394,100** | **-** | **$9,886,200** |

### Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type (Table 5)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Wetland** | **Prairie** | **Forest** | **Habitat** |
| Restore | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | - | $8,987 | - | - |
| Protect in Easement | - | $5,242 | - | - |
| Enhance | - | - | - | - |

### Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section (Table 6)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Metro/Urban** | **Forest/Prairie** | **SE Forest** | **Prairie** | **N. Forest** |
| Restore | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability | - | $8,990 | - | $8,987 | - |
| Protect in Easement | - | $5,242 | - | $5,242 | - |
| Enhance | - | - | - | - | - |

### Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

## Parcels

**Sign-up Criteria?**[Yes - Sign up criteria is attached](https://lsohcprojectmgmt.leg.mn/media/lsohc/proposal/signup_criteria/b591fc2c-0ae.docx)

**Explain the process used to identify, prioritize, and select the parcels on your list:**Submitted parcels will be prioritized and selected according to criteria that include: the amount of native remnant prairie on the parcel, location in a Minnesota Prairie Plan priority area (Prairie Core, Corridor, or Complex), adjacency to existing protected lands and habitat complexes, and presence of federally or state listed plant and animal species and Species in Greatest Need of Conservation.

### Protect Parcels

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name** | **County** | **TRDS** | **Acres** | **Est Cost** | **Existing Protection** |
| NA | Becker | 14142233 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Becker | 14142236 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Big Stone | 12446212 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Big Stone | 12446209 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Brown | 10834216 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Brown | 10834213 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Chippewa | 11739213 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Chippewa | 11739216 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Clay | 14247204 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Clay | 14247201 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Cottonwood | 10734220 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Cottonwood | 10734223 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Grant | 13044233 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Grant | 13044236 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Jackson | 10436222 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Jackson | 10436219 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Kandiyohi | 12236207 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Kandiyohi | 12236210 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Kittson | 16045203 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Kittson | 16045206 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Lac qui Parle | 11943212 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Lac qui Parle | 11943209 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Lincoln | 10945217 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Lincoln | 10945214 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Lyon | 11243218 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Lyon | 11243215 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Mahnomen | 14642211 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Mahnomen | 14642208 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Marshall | 15746213 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Marshall | 15746216 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Martin | 10332215 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Martin | 10332217 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Murray | 10740210 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Murray | 10740207 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Nicollet | 11132211 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Nicollet | 11132208 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Nobles | 10140225 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Nobles | 10140228 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Norman | 14647204 | 99 | $1,000 | Yes |
| NA | Norman | 14647201 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Otter Tail | 13244205 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Otter Tail | 13244202 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Pennington | 15345230 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Pennington | 15345227 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Pipestone | 10846222 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Pipestone | 10846219 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Polk | 15449201 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Polk | 15449204 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Pope | 12336216 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Pope | 12336213 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Red Lake | 15144201 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Red Lake | 15144204 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Redwood | 11336204 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Redwood | 11336201 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Renville | 11437219 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Renville | 11437222 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Rock | 10345228 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Rock | 10345225 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Roseau | 16242210 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Roseau | 16242207 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Stearns | 12335216 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Stearns | 12335213 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Stevens | 12543216 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Stevens | 12543213 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Swift | 12042209 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Swift | 12042212 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Traverse | 12548222 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Traverse | 12548219 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Wilkin | 13647202 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Wilkin | 13647205 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Yellow Medicine | 11546224 | 99 | $1,000 | No |
| NA | Yellow Medicine | 11546221 | 99 | $1,000 | No |

## Parcel Map



