



Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council

Enhanced Public Land - Grasslands - Phase IX
Laws of Minnesota 2026 Accomplishment Plan

General Information

Date: 06/08/2026

Project Title: Enhanced Public Land - Grasslands - Phase IX

Funds Recommended: \$2,948,000

Legislative Citation: ML 2026, Ch. 126, Art. 1, Sec. 2, subd. 2(k)

Appropriation Language: \$2,948,000 the second year is to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pheasants Forever to enhance and restore grassland and wetland habitat on public lands in the forest prairie transition, metro urban, and prairie ecoregions of Minnesota.

Manager Information

Manager's Name: Sabin Adams

Title: MN State Coordinator

Organization: Pheasants Forever

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Location Information

County Location(s): Murray, Wilkin, Stevens, Lincoln, Rock, Fillmore, Grant, Yellow Medicine, Chisago, Pope, Meeker, Cottonwood, Renville, Clay, Lac qui Parle, Martin, Nobles, Douglas, Jackson, Becker, Kandiyohi, Freeborn, Traverse, Stearns, Wright, Carver, Roseau, Watonwan, Mahnomen, Marshall, Dakota, Todd, Brown and Big Stone.

Eco regions in which work will take place:

Forest / Prairie Transition

Metro / Urban

Prairie

Activity types:

Enhance

Restore

Priority resources addressed by activity:

Prairie

Wetlands

Narrative**Abstract**

In this phase of the Enhanced Public Lands - Grassland program, Pheasants Forever (PF) will enhance or restore 2,126 acres of upland and wetland habitat. The goal of this program is to improve habitat on existing WMAs, WPAs, SNAs, and National Wildlife Refuges (NWRs) that are open to public hunting. PF does this by working with agency partners to develop restoration and enhancement plans and hiring local, private contractors to complete work. Examples of habitat improvements include restoring wetlands, removing invasive trees, conducting conservation grazing, and seeding grasslands with high-diversity native seed mixes.

Design and Scope of Work

Grassland-wetland ecosystems require regular disturbance to preserve their functionality and quality to positively impact fish, wildlife, and the public. Lack of disturbance on native and restored prairies has resulted in degraded habitats characterized by low plant diversity, presence of non-native or invasive species, and the spread of voluntary trees into open prairie. Wetlands embedded in these grasslands require restoration to achieve their fullest functionality, or have structures that need repair. The Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan (MPCP) identifies restoration and enhancement as two strategies to combat these issues. In accordance with this plan, Pheasants Forever has created the Enhanced Public Lands - Grasslands program to restore and enhance grassland and wetland habitats on existing WMAs, WPAs, and NWRs (many of which were purchased in sub-optimal conditions) in the prairie, forest/prairie transition, and metro regions. Pheasants Forever will utilize a previously developed Request for Proposals (RFP) and process to evaluate projects submitted by agency partners.

Restoration and enhancement activities include the following:

- 1) Wetland restoration/enhancement: Tools used to accomplish this include removing drain tile, constructing/repairing earthen dams and/or water control structures, removing sediment and invasive narrow leaf cattail control. Wetlands targeted for enhancement are vital to providing food, cover, and the space required for breeding waterfowl while being essential to and landscape resiliency in the face of climate change.
- 2) Upland Enhancement: We will use a site-specific combination of techniques (e.g. cultivation, tree removal, herbicide, and prescribed fire) to bring back productivity to these public lands. In close collaboration with the land managers, we will seed a diverse mix of native grasses and forbs that are well adapted to site conditions and are ideal for upland nesting bird production and success of pollinator species. Mowing will be used as needed to manage annual weed pressure to ensure establishment.
- 3) Prescribed burning: This is the primary tool for managing grassland habitat as it is cost effective, increases vigor by removing built up litter, and sets back invasive woody species.
- 4) Conservation Grazing: This is an important enhancement tool for sites that are difficult to conduct prescribed fires or need to target specific enhancement needs (e.g. cool season grass suppression, tree invasion, etc.). Permanent infrastructure with a lifespan of 30+ years will be installed to conduct conservation grazing plans written to benefit wildlife.

5) Tree Removal: Research has shown that invasive trees are detrimental to prairie/grassland wildlife and thus will be removed with this proposal. These trees reduce nesting success by providing perches for aerial predators, dens for mammalian predators, and increases predator efficiency by creating habitat edges and fragmenting habitat. Predators are highly effective at predating both nests and nesting birds, especially in fragmented low quality habitat.

Restoring or enhancing habitat to its highest function in these areas will not only greatly benefit fish and wildlife populations, but also reduce future management costs (by creating robust, better self-regulating ecosystems), and improve the enjoyment of the area by the public.

Explain how the plan addresses habitat protection, restoration, and/or enhancement for fish, game & wildlife, including threatened or endangered species conservation

In line with the goals of the MPCP, this program directly addresses the loss of quality habitat on reconstructed and native prairies through restoration and enhancement best practices. By increasing the quality of existing remnant and reconstructed prairie habitat we benefit numerous species that are of special concern, threatened, or endangered. This proposal targets grassland species, including but not limited to, greater prairie chickens, ring-necked pheasants, monarch butterflies, honey bees and Dakota skippers.

What are the elements of this plan that are critical from a timing perspective?

Without frequent disturbance grasslands naturally degrade over time. This phenomenon is termed grassland succession. As grassland succession progresses, the cost to correct it increases. This program allows PF to consistently enhance public lands at maximum capacity for the benefit of wildlife and the public.

Describe how the plan expands habitat corridors or complexes and/or addresses habitat fragmentation:

This proposal improves habitat within corridors and complexes which increases their usability by wildlife. For instance, large expanses of low-quality habitat provide little value to wildlife species who are not generalist, effectively reducing the size of the complex. Enhancing and restoring habitat within these complexes increases the usable area for a greater number of species. A characteristic of low-quality habitat is an increase in habitat edges, which is a type of habitat fragmentation. Rows of trees, and drastic changes in vegetative cover (e.g. visible transition from a stand of smooth brome to Kentucky bluegrass) create edges for predators to navigate and increases their efficiency when hunting. By removing trees and restoring grasslands to high-diversity mixes of grasses and forbs, we reduce the amount of habitat fragmentation within the greater complex.

Which top 2 Conservation Plans referenced in MS97A.056, subd. 3a are most applicable to this project?

Long Range Plan for the Ring-Necked Pheasant in MN

Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan

Explain how this plan will uniquely address habitat resilience to climate change and its anticipated effects on game, fish & wildlife species utilizing the protected or restored/enhanced habitat this proposal targets.

Healthy ecosystems with diverse native plant communities and fully functional hydrologic systems are more resilient to the changing climate. They do a better job of warding off invasive species by filling all available niches,

or "free spots," where invasive may create a foothold. Native vegetative communities also provide the best habitat for native wildlife. This is especially important for species with specific habitat requirements or species that are endemic to a particular region. Many of the sites restored or enhanced under this program are home to these sensitive species and help buffer the effect of climate change on wildlife populations. Restored or enhanced wetlands optimize groundwater recharge, nitrogen and carbon cycling, and constantly provide water for local game, fish, and wildlife species. By restoring, and enhancing targeted tracts we're creating habitats that are both resilient to climate change and require less maintenance due to their self-regulating nature.

Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this program?

Forest / Prairie Transition

Protect, enhance, and restore migratory habitat for waterfowl and related species, so as to increase migratory and breeding success

Metro / Urban

Protect, enhance, and restore remnant native prairie, Big Woods forests, and oak savanna with an emphasis on areas with high biological diversity

Prairie

Restore or enhance habitat on public lands

Outcomes

Programs in forest-prairie transition region:

Increased waterfowl and upland bird migratory and breeding success ~ *Outcomes will be measured by resource professionals and evaluated by using the best science available to land managers.*

Programs in metropolitan urbanizing region:

Other ~ *Outcomes will be measured by resource professionals and evaluated by using the best science available to land managers.*

Programs in prairie region:

Improved condition of habitat on public lands ~ *Outcomes will be measured by resource professionals and evaluated by using the best science available to land managers.*

Per MS 97A.056, Subd. 24, Please explain whether the request is supplanting or is a substitution for any previous funding that was not from a legacy fund and was used for the same purpose.

This proposal supplements past investments and is focused on accelerating the protection and restoration of strategically selected parcels.

How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended?

The enhancements completed under this phase will generally allow the unit to be managed more effectively by either the USFWS or MNDNR. Limited station/area funds, constant pressure from invasive species (i.e. grasses, forbs, and trees), water quality decline, aging grasslands, climate change and other factors increase the difficulty of maintaining these enhancements; therefore, we expect continued opportunity to supplement local agency efforts. While it's difficult for a third party like PF to provide an analysis of future costs on existing public land, according

to the Long-Range Budget Analysis of Land Management Needs, the cost of long-term management ranges from \$11-16/acre annually. We expect the average need to be the same for the parcels enhanced or restored under this program.

Actions to Maintain Project Outcomes

Year	Source of Funds	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
Post Project Completion - NWR	USFWS - Federal	Monitoring	Maintience	-
Post Project Completion - WPA	USFWS - Federal	Monitoring	Maintience	-
Post Project Completion - WMA	MN DNR - Game and Fish Funds	Monitoring	Maintience	-

Provide an assessment of how your program celebrates cultural diversity or reaches diverse communities in Minnesota, including reaching low- and moderate-income households:

The goal of this program is to enhance and restore wildlife habitat on public lands open to all Minnesotans, regardless of cultural background or fiscal standing. WPAs, WMAs, and NRWs eligible for this program are free and open to access by all. This program spans all of the Prairie, Forest-Prairie, and Metro regions. Some acquisitions will be nearby areas with diverse or low-income communities. This program engages with everyone who wants to participate in public lands and the outdoors.

Activity Details

Requirements

If funded, this program will meet all applicable criteria set forth in MS 97A.056?

Yes

Will restoration and enhancement work follow best management practices including MS 84.973 Pollinator Habitat Program?

Yes

Is the restoration and enhancement activity on permanently protected land per 97A.056, Subd 13(f), tribal lands, and/or public waters per MS 103G.005, Subd. 15 or on lands to be acquired in this program?

Yes

Where does the activity take place?

WMA

WPA

Refuge Lands

SNA

Land Use

Will there be planting of any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program, either by the proposer or the end owner of the property, outside of the initial restoration of the land?

No

Will insecticides or fungicides (including neonicotinoid and fungicide treated seed) be used within any activities of this program either in the process of restoration or use as food plots?

No

Timeline

Activity Name	Estimated Completion Date
Complete all enhancement/restoration work	9/1/2031
Re-evaluate project status/budget and solicit additional projects as needed	12/31/2027
Enhancement/restoration work begins	5/31/2027
Select projects for completion and hire contractors to complete habitat work	1/31/2027
Review project RFP's with project selection committee	11/30/2026
Distribute project Request for Proposals (RFP) to area land managers	9/1/2026

Date of Final Report Submission: 06/30/2031

Availability of Appropriation: Subd. 7. Availability of Appropriation

(a) Money appropriated in this section may not be spent on activities unless they are directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation and are specified in the accomplishment plan approved by the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council. Money appropriated in this section must not be spent on indirect costs or other institutional overhead charges that are not directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation. Money appropriated for fee title acquisition of land may be used to restore, enhance, and provide for public use of the land acquired with the appropriation. Public-use facilities must have a minimal impact on habitat in acquired lands.

(b) Money appropriated in this section is available as follows:

- (1) money appropriated for acquiring real property is available until June 30, 2030;
- (2) money appropriated for restoring and enhancing land acquired with an appropriation in this section is available for four years after the acquisition date with a maximum end date of June 30, 2034;
- (3) money appropriated for restoring or enhancing other land is available until June 30, 2031;
- (4) notwithstanding clauses (1) to (3), money appropriated for a project that receives at least 15 percent of its funding from federal funds is available until a date sufficient to match the availability of federal funding to a maximum of six years if the federal funding was confirmed and included in the original approved draft accomplishment plan; and
- (5) money appropriated for other projects is available until the end of the fiscal year in which it is appropriated.

Budget

Budget reallocations up to 10% do not require an amendment to the Accomplishment Plan.

Totals

Item	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$132,700	-	-	\$132,700
Contracts	\$2,487,200	\$40,800	PF/State/Federal	\$2,528,000
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	-	-	-	-
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	-	-	-	-
Easement Acquisition	-	-	-	-
Easement Stewardship	-	-	-	-
Travel	\$12,200	-	-	\$12,200
Professional Services	-	-	-	-
Direct Support Services	\$71,000	-	-	\$71,000
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	-	-	-	-
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-
Other Equipment/Tools	-	-	-	-
Supplies/Materials	\$244,900	-	-	\$244,900
DNR IDP	-	-	-	-
Grand Total	\$2,948,000	\$40,800	-	\$2,988,800

Personnel

Position	Annual FTE	Years Working	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
PF FIELD STAFF	0.32	4.0	\$119,400	-	-	\$119,400
PF GRANT STAFF	0.03	4.0	\$13,300	-	-	\$13,300

Amount of Request: \$2,948,000

Amount of Leverage: \$40,800

Leverage as a percent of the Request: 1.38%

DSS + Personnel: \$203,700

As a % of the total request: 6.91%

Easement Stewardship: -

As a % of the Easement Acquisition: -

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

We will accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation by reducing down all acres/activities and dollar amounts proportionate to the percent reduction.

Detail leverage sources and confirmation of funds:

Leverage is expected from multiple sources including but not limited to federal sources, land value donations, contractor donations and PF. Not every source is 100% confirmed at this point. However, PF has an exemplary track record of delivery and over-achievement of match commitments that further stretch OHF funding.

Does this project have the ability to be scalable?

Yes

If the project received 50% of the requested funding

Describe how the scaling would affect acres/activities and if not proportionately reduced, why?

This proposal's budget at 100% of the request is based on the average acres that are enhanced and restored per appropriation. If this project is reduced by 50% we would scale down all acres/activities and dollars amounts proportionately.

Describe how personnel and DSS expenses would be adjusted and if not proportionately reduced, why?

Personnel and DSS will be scaled down proportionately.

Personnel

Has funding for these positions been requested in the past?

Yes

Contracts

What is included in the contracts line?

We anticipate that all of the contract funding will be used for restoration and enhancement activities.

Travel

Does the amount in the travel line include equipment/vehicle rental?

No

Explain the amount in the travel line outside of traditional travel costs of mileage, food, and lodging

NA

I understand and agree that lodging, meals, and mileage must comply with the current MMB Commissioner Plan:

Yes

Direct Support Services

How did you determine which portions of the Direct Support Services of your shared support services is direct to this program?

PF utilizes the Total Modified Direct Cost method. This methodology is annually approved by the U.S. Department of Interior's National Business Center as the basis for the organization's Indirect Cost Rate Agreement. PF's allowable direct support services cost is 15%. In this proposal, PF has discounted its rate to 2.5% of the sum of personnel, contracts, professional services, and travel. We are donating the difference-in-kind.

Federal Funds

Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program?

Yes

Are the funds confirmed?

No

What is the approximate date you anticipate receiving confirmation of the federal funds?

7/1/2029

Output Tables**Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)**

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Acres
Restore	243	-	-	-	243
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	0	2,203	-	-	2,203
Total	243	2,203	-	-	2,446

Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Funding
Restore	\$292,700	-	-	-	\$292,700
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	\$2,655,300	-	-	\$2,655,300
Total	\$292,700	\$2,655,300	-	-	\$2,948,000

Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)

Type	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Acres
Restore	24	73	-	146	-	243
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	220	661	-	1,322	-	2,203
Total	244	734	-	1,468	-	2,446

Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)

Type	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Funding
Restore	\$29,300	\$87,800	-	\$175,600	-	\$292,700
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	\$263,300	\$790,000	-	\$1,602,000	-	\$2,655,300
Total	\$292,600	\$877,800	-	\$1,777,600	-	\$2,948,000

Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type (Table 5)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat
Restore	\$1,204	-	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	\$1,205	-	-

Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section (Table 6)

Type	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest
Restore	\$1,220	\$1,202	-	\$1,202	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	\$1,196	\$1,195	-	\$1,211	-

Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

Parcels

Parcel Information

Sign-up Criteria?

No

Explain the process used to identify, prioritize, and select the parcels on your list:

Requests for proposals will be sent to MN public land managers and PF chapters within the prairie, prairie/forest transition, and metro regions. PF evaluates projects based on proximity to and size habitat complex, benefit to T/E and SGCN, and alignment with existing conservation plans. Projects will be accepted until all funds have been spent.

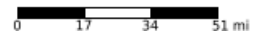
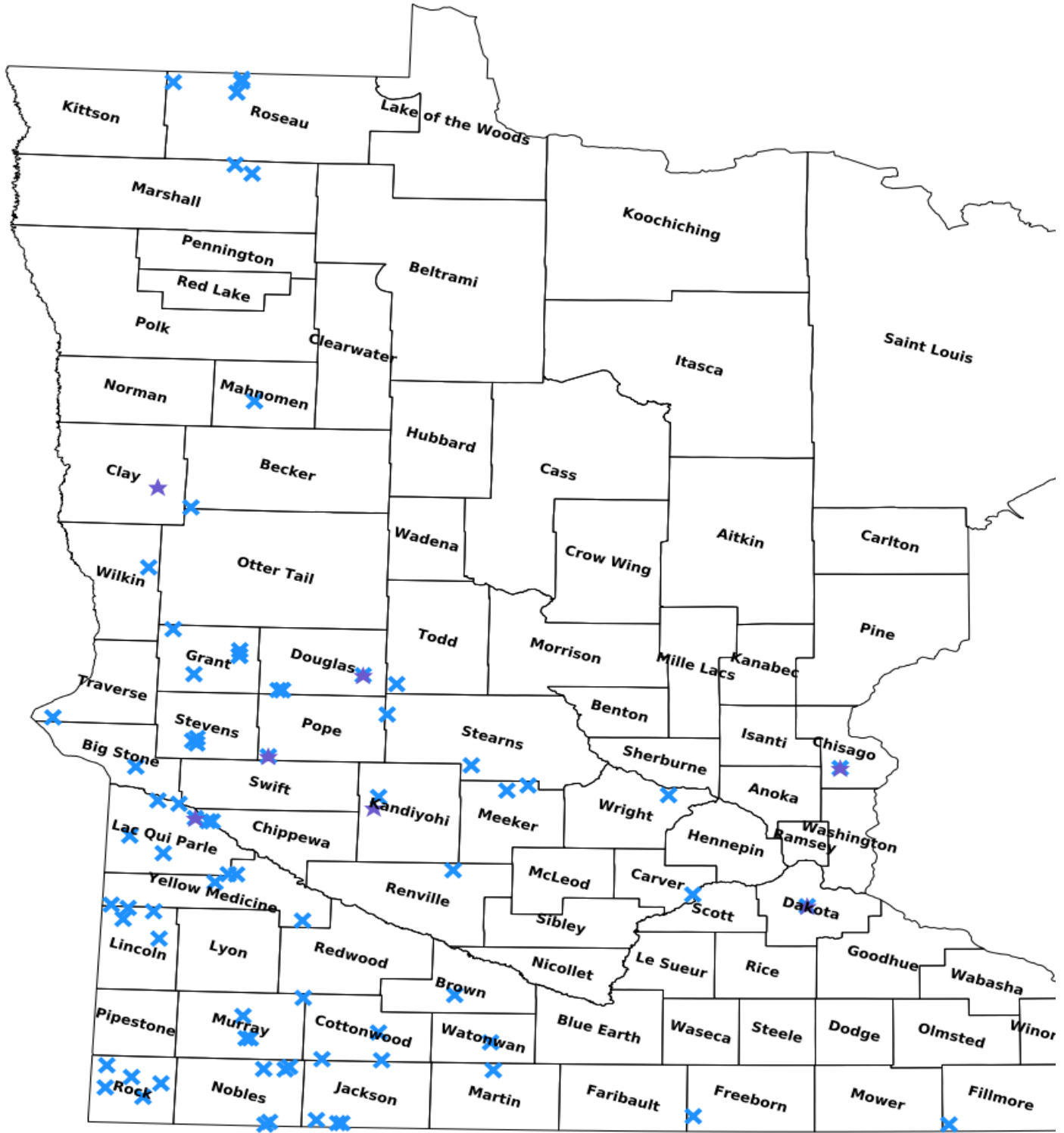
Restore / Enhance Parcels

Name	County	TRDS	Acres	Est Cost	Existing Protection	Description
Larson WPA(2026)EPLG	Becker	13843232	93	\$70,000	Yes	Conservation Grazing
Johnson WPA(2027)EPLG	Big Stone	12245220	120	\$45,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
Lamberton WMA(2026)EPLG	Brown	10933236	120	\$80,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Rapids Lake North NWR(2022)EPLG	Carver	11523230	300	\$9,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Carlos Avery WMA(2026)EPLG	Chisago	03421226	60	\$165,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Carlos Avery WMA(2026)EPLG	Chisago	03421226	4	\$35,000	Yes	Wetland Restoration
Doran Lake WPA(2026)EPLG	Clay	13945225	3	\$5,372	Yes	Wetland Restoration
Clear Lake WPA(2024)EPLG	Cottonwood	10538235	302	\$37,875	Yes	Conservation Grazing
Swan Lake WPA(2024)EPLG	Cottonwood	10636212	149	\$29,175	Yes	Conservation Grazing
Wolf Lake WPA(2026)EPLG	Cottonwood	10535231	71	\$150,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Vermillion River WMA(2026)EPLG	Dakota	11419215	7	\$77,692	Yes	Wetland Restoration
Vermillion River WMA(2026)EPLG	Dakota	11419215	78	\$104,185	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
Hegg Lake WMA(2026)EPLG	Douglas	12740226	7	\$35,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Peterson WPA(2026)EPLG	Douglas	12836230	9	\$80,000	Yes	Wetland Restoration
Peterson WPA(2026)EPLG	Douglas	12836230	10	\$100,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Sabolik WPA(2021)EPLG	Douglas	12740225	16	\$60,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Thompson WPA(2021)EPLG	Douglas	12740225	17	\$80,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Beaver Creek WMA(2026)EPLG	Fillmore	10113220	257	\$112,520	Yes	Tree Removal
Mansfield WMA(2021)EPLG	Freeborn	10123205	76	\$80,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Berskow WMA(2026)EPLG	Grant	12941217	6	\$32,500	Yes	Tree Removal
Blakesly WMA(2026)EPLG	Grant	12843233	3	\$15,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Jenson WMA(2026)EPLG	Grant	12941229	72	\$28,800	Yes	Tree Removal
Jenson WMA(2026)EPLG	Grant	12941229	5	\$27,500	Yes	Tree Removal
Kube Swift WMA: West Unit(2026)EPLG	Grant	13044210	8	\$40,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Illinois Lake WMA(2026)EPLG	Jackson	10138222	70	\$30,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Sioux Valley WMA(2026)EPLG	Jackson	10137228	13	\$30,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Skunk Lake WMA(2026)EPLG	Jackson	10137227	171	\$40,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Mamre WMA(2021)EPLG	Kandiyohi	12036227	1	\$1,999	Yes	Wetland Restoration
Shakopee Creek WPA(2026)EPLG	Kandiyohi	12036202	54	\$250,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Flinks Slough WMA(2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	11642236	53	\$62,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
Hamlin WMA(2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	11744228	19	\$25,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement

Lac qui Parle WMA, Engebretson Tract (2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	11942229	612	\$140,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Lac qui Parle WMA, Hamre Tract (2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	11942230	227	\$200,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Lac qui Parle WMA, Nygard Tract(2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	12044225	15	\$49,500	Yes	Tree Removal
Lac qui Parle WMA, Shelstad Tract(2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	11943222	3	\$4,000	Yes	Wetland Restoration
Lac qui Parle WMA, Shelstad Tract(2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	11943222	17	\$23,000	Yes	Upland Restoration
Lac qui Parle WMA, Simonson Soderberg Tract (2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	12044219	236	\$178,100	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
NE Four Corners WMA(2026)EPLG	Lac qui Parle	11845230	20	\$27,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Archerville WMA(2021)EPLG	Lincoln	11345206	184	\$220,800	Yes	Tree Removal
Richard Doerer WMA(2026)EPLG	Lincoln	11346225	70	\$25,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Rost WMA(2026)EPLG	Lincoln	11244232	100	\$60,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Vista Prairie WMA(2026)EPLG	Lincoln	11344207	25	\$20,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Sandy Lake WPA(2026)EPLG	Mahnomen	14441215	60	\$65,000	Yes	Conservation Grazing
Thief Lake WMA- Lakeshore Burn Units(2026)EPLG	Marshall	15842211	428	\$109,800	Yes	Prescribed Fire
Thief Lake WMA- Savanna Units(2026)EPLG	Marshall	15841228	488	\$96,300	Yes	Prescribed Fire
Gleam WMA(2026)EPLG	Martin	10431216	77	\$40,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Clear Lake WPA(2021)EPLG	Meeker	12130210	8	\$120,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Tyrone Flats WPA(2021)EPLG	Meeker	12131223	40	\$48,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement
5-Mile Corner WPA(2026)EPLG	Murray	10741215	135	\$60,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Big Slough WPA(2024)EPLG	Murray	10641225	335	\$40,250	Yes	Conservation Grazing
Big Slough WPA(2026)EPLG	Murray	10641226	63	\$40,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Pell Creek NWR(2024)EPLG	Murray	10839212	73	\$25,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Graham Lake WPA(2026)EPLG	Nobles	10439220	15	\$20,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Lake Bella WMA(2026)EPLG	Nobles	10140234	17	\$500	Yes	Tree Removal
Lone Tree WMA(2026)EPLG	Nobles	10440221	34	\$15,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Watcher WMA(2026)EPLG	Nobles	10140226	9	\$3,000	Yes	Tree Removal
West Graham WMA(2026)EPLG	Nobles	10439216	192	\$20,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Chippewa River WMA(2026)EPLG	Pope	12340228	24	\$240,000	Yes	Wetland Restoration
Chippewa River WMA(2026)EPLG	Pope	12340228	15	\$57,500	Yes	Tree Removal, Upland Enhancement
Cream City WPA(2021)EPLG	Renville	11633214	215	\$300,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
Bartels NWR(2024)EPLG	Rock	10446220	58	\$23,312	Yes	Conservation Grazing
Champepadan Creek NWR(2026)EPLG	Rock	10344221	1	\$7,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Russ Blanford WMA(2026)EPLG	Rock	10245214	80	\$40,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
Springwater WMA(2026)EPLG	Rock	10346232	60	\$30,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
Touch the Sky Prairie NWR(2024)EPLG	Rock	10345208	1	\$42,425	Yes	Conservation Grazing
Roseau River WMA(2026)EPLG	Roseau	16344217	259	\$59,570	Yes	Tree Removal
Roseau River WMA(2026)EPLG	Roseau	16342212	97	\$97,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Roseau River WMA(2026)EPLG	Roseau	16342235	28	\$35,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Roseau River WMA(2026)EPLG	Roseau	16342201	58	\$72,500	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Partners WMA(2026)EPLG	Stearns	12232204	126	\$50,000	Yes	Conservation Grazing, Brush Mowing/Shearing,
Tower WMA(2026)EPLG	Stearns	12535206	3	\$11,020	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Alberta WMA: North Unit(2026)EPLG	Stevens	12443233	28	\$12,000	Yes	Tree Removal

Alberta WMA: South East Unit(2026)EPLG	Stevens	12343203	8	\$40,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Mathison WMA(2026)EPLG	Stevens	12443227	4	\$22,500	Yes	Tree Removal
West Union WMA(2026)EPLG	Todd	12735209	73	\$200,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement, Tree Removal
Metz WMA: East Unit(2026)EPLG	Traverse	12548230	3	\$17,500	Yes	Tree Removal
Rosendale WMA(2026)EPLG	Watowan	10631229	17	\$20,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Akron WMA(2026)EPLG	Wilkin	13445222	20	\$30,000	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Pelican Lake WPA(2021)EPLG	Wright	12124230	105	\$159,750	Yes	Tree Removal
Bohemian Marshes WMA(2026)EPLG	Yellow Medicine	11446233	231	\$91,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Posen WMA(2026)EPLG	Yellow Medicine	11339224	16	\$16,400	Yes	Upland Enhancement
Stony Run WMA(2021)EPLG	Yellow Medicine	11641232	80	\$54,000	Yes	Tree Removal
Tyro WMA(2026)EPLG	Yellow Medicine	11542216	95	\$30,000	Yes	Tree Removal

Parcel Map



- Protect in Easement
- ▲ Protect in Fee with PILT
- Protect in Fee W/O PILT
- ★ Restore
- ✕ Enhance
- ⊕ Other