

Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council

Shell Rock River Watershed Habitat Restoration Program - Phase XIII Laws of Minnesota 2024 Accomplishment Plan

General Information

Date: 01/25/2024

Project Title: Shell Rock River Watershed Habitat Restoration Program - Phase XIII

Funds Recommended: \$2,060,000

Legislative Citation: ML 2024, Ch. X, Art. 1, Sec. 2, Subd.

Appropriation Language:

Manager Information

Manager's Name: Courtney Phillips **Title:** Program and Project Manager

Organization: Shell Rock River Watershed District

Address: 305 S 1st Ave **City:** Albert Lea, MN 56007

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Office Number: 507-379-8782

Mobile Number: Fax Number:

Website: www.shellrock.org

Location Information

County Location(s): Freeborn.

Eco regions in which work will take place:

Prairie

Activity types:

- Protect in Fee
- Restore

Priority resources addressed by activity:

Habitat

Narrative

Abstract

The Shell Rock River Watershed District (SRRWD) is seeking funding for the Habitat Restoration Program to restore and protect 104 acres of essential prairie upland, wetland and streambank habitat across the watershed. As a result, key biological functioning parcels will be permanently protected, streambank habitat will be enhanced, vegetation and feeding sources will be restored for migratory fowl habitat, and wetlands will be restored from row crop agriculture. These projects are critical for the benefit of fish, waterfowl, and wildlife populations, reversing the trend of wetland loss and habitat degradation in the prairie ecoregion.

Design and Scope of Work

The SRRWD created the Habitat Restoration Program to restore, protect, and enhance degraded habitat conditions by implementing projects on a lake-shed basis. Specifically, Phase XIII will contribute to the District's goals by:

- Habitat restoration on 20 acres of streambanks to improve floodplain connectivity and over-winter open water conditions, to prevent further sedimentation into the watercourse and to improve public access and benefit BIPOC communities.
- Acquire 42 acres from a willing landowner to expand an adjacent WMA.
- Wetland enhancement in the Panicum Prairie WMA, an important flyway that is critical to waterfowl, upland game, and wading bird species that is currently dominated by a single species canary grass.
- Restore 42 acres of wetland basins, reversing the trend of wetland loss and habitat degradation while improving nesting habitat and waterfowl food sources.

This proposal uses a programmatic approach to achieve protection, restoration, and enhancement of lakes, wetlands, streams and native prairie landscapes. The program includes projects that are prioritized on the significance of the benefits to aquatic habitat, urgency of the work, availability of leveraged funds, location of projects and agreements with relevant planning documents. All projects listed above have landowner support, who are eager to get funding. The SRRWD has a proven track record with the LSOHC and implementing projects that protect, restore and enhance natural resources. The SRRWD continues to receive strong support for these projects from landowners, local governments and sporting organizations.

The program outcomes will also interconnect and reestablish important flyway habitats within Minnesota. Once completed, the program will increase waterfowl and fish populations, increase habitat for wetland dependent wildlife, and recreate the wildlife mecca in southern Minnesota. Finally, this program will preserve an outdoor legacy for Minnesotans to use and enjoy for generations.

Explain how the plan addresses habitat protection, restoration, and/or enhancement for fish, game & wildlife, including threatened or endangered species conservation

When critical habitats are lost due to land use changes and other factors, restoring the habitat is imperative to the protection of species and their ecological processes. Important species are disappearing at an alarming rate and the SRRWD has the opportunity to protect their specific habitats. Many of the proposed projects are turning habitat dead zones, like row crop agricultural and vast reed canary areas, into multi-native species plantings that offer food, shelter, and breeding habitat for a wide array of species.

Using the Minnesota DNR tool for species in greatest conservation need by habitat, the SRRWD has identified species of importance for the oak savanna landscape. Those species include the Marsh Wren and Common

Moorhen for birds, mussels such as the Round Pigtoe, and amphibians including the Blanding's Turtle.

Citing the Minnesota Wildlife Action Plan, Blanding's turtles suffer from low reproductive rates and high nest predation, exacerbated by habitat loss and degradation. The proposal area has a known hotspot for Blanding's turtles identified in the Wildlife Action Network. Projects like the wetland enhancements and streambank restorations provide the needed wetland and upland habitats to complete the Blanding's turtle life cycle. The Common Moorhen is listed as special concern in the Oak Savanna habitat and can be attributed to the loss of well-vegetated ponds and wetlands. With the projects identified, wetland creation and vegetation enhancement can provide new habitat for both the Common Moorhen and March Wren.

One of the fastest declining populations in Minnesota has been the loss of native mussels. The District is focused on improving in-water features that will improve that quality of habitat for the threatened Round Pigtoe, and other endangered mussels.

All restoration projects will have vegetation management in low grounds that include bulrush, smartweed, and marsh milkweed species to provide habitat and food sources for migratory birds. Upland prairie mix will be established to promote pollinator success. Enhancement efforts of this large scale provides habitat for both spring and fall migration of waterfowl, overall increase the use days by migratory birds, and provides nesting habitat.

What are the elements of this plan that are critical from a timing perspective?

For acquisition projects, landowner willingness is a large factor in determining the urgency to be completed. Securing these properties, while having a willing landowner, is imperative to its success. Landowners often get frustrated if funding isn't available when they want to sell. Other factors such as financial situations can change, resulting in properties no longer being available. If a landowner approaches the District expressing to sell, the District acts as fast as possible. All acquisitions in this proposal have eager landowners.

With the extent of wetland, streambank, and in-lake habitat loss in Minnesota, restoration efforts are an issue that needs immediate attention. Degraded habitat and impairments remain that require action to restore and enhance habitat for many species. Science and resource-based planning have been utilized to strategically select projects that will advance restoration goals specified in the SRRWD's Restoration Program.

Describe how the plan expands habitat corridors or complexes and/or addresses habitat fragmentation:

This proposal is specifically requesting funds for the acquisition of 42 acres, known as the Sanderson property, to expand the adjacent Panicum Prairie WMA. The Panicum Prairie WMA is an 855-acre historic large marsh that was drained for farming. Over the years, conservation easements and acquisitions have secured lands to restore that historic marsh. The Sanderson property is currently agricultural ground surrounded by state ownership or conservation easements. Acquiring this property will directly expand habitat corridors.

For parcels that are not directly adjacent to current protected areas, the SRRWD utilizes precision conservation modeling with monitoring to identify Property Management Zones (PMZs) on a sub-watershed basis. The PMZs were a watershed wide parcel review where habitat areas were ranked on a 1 to 3 scale. This scale incorporated a variety of measures including size of the habitat complex to be protected, proximity to existing protection, and distance to a water source. Remaining parcels either ranked as a 1 or 2, which are high value locations. Implementing site specific habitat restorations projects are progressively improving populations of native fish, waterfowl and wildlife habitat to once again create a wildlife mecca.

Project #: HA04

Which Conservation Plans referenced in MS97A.056, subd. 3a are most applicable to this project?

- Minnesota's Wildlife Management Area Acquisition The Next 50 Years
- North American Waterbird Conservation Plan

Explain how this plan will uniquely address habitat resilience to climate change and its anticipated effects on game, fish & wildlife species utilizing the protected or restored/enhanced habitat this proposal targets.

In many plantings, five different species types including wildflowers, legumes, warm-season grasses, cool-season grasses and sedges/rushes are planted to mimic a native plant community. To address the anticipated warmer temperatures, hardy species resistant to pests and diseases that are found in southern regions are selected. Doing this ensures that habitat needs such nesting, shelter, and native food sources, including pollen and seeds, will be available in changing climate conditions.

For streambank restorations, natural channel design that includes restoring a floodplain bench to accommodate higher flows reduces the likelihood of scour, severe undercutting, and erosion along streambanks and allows base flow to be maintained in a primary channel when water is low. By doing so, fish, mussel, and invertebrate habitats are more able to withstand extreme variability in water flow. Additionally, creating riffles and pools provides areas of refuge and maintains critical oxygen levels.

Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this program?

Prairie

• Restore or enhance habitat on public lands

Outcomes

Programs in prairie region:

Remnant native prairies are part of large complexes of restored prairies, grasslands, and large and small
wetlands ~ Outcomes will be measured by evaluating the number of waterfowl use-day surveys, pheasant
roadside surveys, and angler success. This will be measured against the MN Conservation Plan to track goals.

Per MS 97A.056, Subd. 24, Please explain whether the request is supplanting or is a substitution for any previous funding that was not from a legacy fund and was used for the same purpose.

This request is not supplanting funding or substituting from any previous funding.

How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended?

The SRRWD has multiple funding sources including a citizen driven local option sales tax, local levy, and multiple public and private funding sources including previously LSOHC phased projects to assist in the District's restoration efforts. Following this LSOHC appropriation timeline, the District will use their general fund dollars for maintenance implementations.

Additionally, the SRRWD is authorized by Minnesota state statute 103D and operates under a series of 10 year Water Management Plans that are approved by the Minnesota Board of Soil and Water Resources (BWSR). These plans include a comprehensive list detailing natural resource restoration, enhancement, along with protection and management strategies that can be used for funding in the future.

Actions to Maintain Project Outcomes

Year	Source of Funds	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
2029+	Sales Tax	Maintenance	Maintenance	-
		Inspections	Implementations	
2025-2028	Sales Tax and LSOHC	Construction	Vegetation	-
	Funds		Maintenance	

Provide an assessment of how your program celebrates cultural diversity or reaches diverse communities in Minnesota, including reaching low- and moderate-income households:

The SRRWD annually utilizes the Understanding Environmental Justice in Minnesota tool developed by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, to understand where BIPOC and underserved communities are present in the planning area. Projects identified in this proposal, specifically the Channel Restoration, are targeted to improve public lands that are located within, and heavily fished by, BIPOC and low-income communities.

Additionally the SRRWD has a digital option to view all completed work. Digital options give diverse community members an option to engage regardless of language, color, transportation, and gender.

Activity Details

Requirements

If funded, this program will meet all applicable criteria set forth in MS 97A.056? Yes

Will county board or other local government approval <u>be formally sought**</u> prior to acquisition, per 97A.056 subd 13(j)?

Yes

Is the land you plan to acquire (fee title) free of any other permanent protection? Yes

Will restoration and enhancement work follow best management practices including MS 84.973 Pollinator Habitat Program?

Yes

Is the restoration and enhancement activity on permanently protected land per 97A.056, Subd 13(f), tribal lands, and/or public waters per MS 103G.005, Subd. 15 or on lands to be acquired in this program? Yes

Where does the activity take place?

- Public Waters
- WMA

Land Use

Will there be planting of any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program, either by the proposer or the end owner of the property, outside of the initial restoration of the land? No

Will insecticides or fungicides (including neonicotinoid and fungicide treated seed) be used within any activities of this program either in the process of restoration or use as food plots?

No

Is this land currently open for hunting and fishing?

Yes

Describe any variation from the State of Minnesota regulations:

Public waters are open to state fishing regulations. Private lands are currently not open to public hunting but will be once acquired.

Will the land be open for hunting and fishing after completion?

Yes

Describe any variation from the State of Minnesota regulations:

Restoration within City limits will be open to public fishing, but not hunting.

Who will eventually own the fee title land?

State of MN

Land acquired in fee will be designated as a:

WMA

What is the anticipated number of closed acquisitions (range is fine) you plan to accomplish with this appropriation?

One acquisition is planned.

Are there currently trails or roads on any of the proposed acquisitions?

No

Will new trails or roads be developed or improved as a result of the OHF acquisition?

No

Will the acquired parcels be restored or enhanced within this appropriation?

Yes

The property will be seeded into natives, but wetland restoration will be limited.

Will the land that you acquire (fee or easement) be restored or enhanced within this program's funding and availability?

Yes

Timeline

Activity Name	Estimated Completion Date
Maintenance and monitoring of all restoration and habitat	Ongoing
improvement projects.	
Vegetation enhancement on restoration projects, complete	July 2028
final project construction.	
Finalize acquisitions and start seeding the sites for	May 2027
restoration.	
Begin restoration and enhancement projects during the	2024-2026 Construction Season
2024-2026 construction season following completion of	
design and permitting.	
Begin project planning, design, and permitting work for	Late 2024
restorations and enhancements. Complete survey and	
appraisals for acquisitions.	

Date of Final Report Submission: 06/30/2029

Availability of Appropriation: Subd. 7. Availability of Appropriation

- (a) Money appropriated in this section may not be spent on activities unless they are directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation and are specified in the accomplishment plan approved by the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council. Money appropriated in this section must not be spent on indirect costs or other institutional overhead charges that are not directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation. Money appropriated to acquire land in fee may be used to restore, enhance, and provide for public use of the land acquired with the appropriation. Public-use facilities must have a minimal impact on habitat in acquired lands.
- (b) Money appropriated in this section is available as follows:
- (1) money appropriated for acquiring real property is available until June 30, 2028;
- (2) money appropriated for restoring and enhancing land acquired with an appropriation in this act is available for four years after the acquisition date with a maximum end date of June 30, 2032;
- (3) money appropriated for restoring or enhancing other land is available until June 30, 2029;
- (4) notwithstanding clauses (1) to (3), money appropriated for a project that receives at least 15 percent of its funding from federal funds is available until a date sufficient to match the availability of federal funding to a maximum of six years if the federal funding was confirmed and included in the original approved draft accomplishment plan; and
- (5) money appropriated for other projects is available until the end of the fiscal year in which it is appropriated.

Budget

Budget reallocations up to 10% do not require an amendment to the Accomplishment Plan.

Totals

Item	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$55,000	-	-	\$55,000
Contracts	\$1,469,000	-	-	\$1,469,000
Fee Acquisition w/	\$388,000	-	-	\$388,000
PILT				
Fee Acquisition w/o	-	-	-	-
PILT				
Easement Acquisition	-	-	-	-
Easement	-	-	-	-
Stewardship				
Travel	-	-	-	-
Professional Services	\$148,000	\$100,000	City of Albert Lea	\$248,000
Direct Support	-	-	-	-
Services				
DNR Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-
Costs				
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Equipment/Tools				
Supplies/Materials	-	-	-	-
DNR IDP	-	-	-	-
Grand Total	\$2,060,000	\$100,000	-	\$2,160,000

Personnel

Position	Annual FTE	Years Working	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Program Assistant	0.43	5.0	\$20,000	1	-	\$20,000
Program Manager	0.43	5.0	\$35,000	-	-	\$35,000

Amount of Request: \$2,060,000 **Amount of Leverage:** \$100,000

Leverage as a percent of the Request: 4.85%

DSS + Personnel: \$55,000

As a % of the total request: 2.67%

Easement Stewardship: -

As a % of the Easement Acquisition: -

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

The overall scope of projects was reduced from seven down to three. One acquisition was removed, as well as three restoration and enhancement projects.

Detail leverage sources and confirmation of funds:

Leverage sources include the City of Albert Lea. Funds are confirmed and may increase depending on final budgets.

Does this project have the ability to be scalable?

Yes

If the project received 50% of the requested funding

Describe how the scaling would affect acres/activities and if not proportionately reduced, why?Although not ideal, funding would be centered on acquiring one key parcel to expand a current DNR WMA. The remaining funds would be centered on the Channel Restoration Project and phasing the Panicum Prairie Project, which could lead to higher costs later on.

Describe how personnel and DSS expenses would be adjusted and if not proportionately reduced, why?

The District does not use DSS. The grant funded personnel costs would be reduced to \$45,000 but the inkind staff dollar amounts would be moved from personnel to professional expenses, creating a near proportionate reduction.

Personnel

Has funding for these positions been requested in the past?

Yes

Contracts

What is included in the contracts line?

All the work in the contracts line is centered on restoration construction costs minus professional services and staff time.

Professional Services

What is included in the Professional Services line?

- Appraisals
- Design/Engineering
- Surveys
- Title Insurance and Legal Fees

Fee Acquisition

What is the anticipated number of fee title acquisition transactions?

There is one fee title acquisition transaction that is split between two parcels.

Federal Funds

Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program?

No

Output Tables

Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Acres
Restore	-	ı	ı	62	62
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	ı	ı	42	42
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	ı	ı	0	0
Protect in Easement	-	ı	ı	-	ı
Enhance	-	ı	ı	0	0
Total	-	ı	ı	104	104

Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Funding
Restore	-	-	ı	\$1,632,000	\$1,632,000
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	ı	\$440,000	\$440,000
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	1	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	ı	\$2,072,000	\$2,072,000

Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Acres
Restore	-	-	ı	62	-	62
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	1	42	-	42
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	0	-	0
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	0	-	0
Total	-	-	-	104	-	104

Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total
						Funding
Restore	-	-	-	\$1,632,000	-	\$1,632,000
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	\$440,000	-	\$440,000
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-	ı
Total	-	-	-	\$2,072,000	-	\$2,072,000

Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type (Table 5)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat
Restore	-	-	-	\$26,322
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	\$10,476
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-

Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section (Table 6)

Type	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest
Restore	-	ı	-	\$26,322	-
Protect in Fee with State	-	-	-	\$10,476	-
PILT Liability					
Protect in Fee w/o State	-	-	-	-	-
PILT Liability					
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-

Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

22,000

Parcels

For restoration and enhancement programs ONLY: Managers may add, delete, and substitute projects on this parcel list based upon need, readiness, cost, opportunity, and/or urgency so long as the substitute parcel/project forwards the constitutional objectives of this program in the Project Scope table of this accomplishment plan. The final accomplishment plan report will include the final parcel list.

Parcel Information

Sign-up Criteria?

No

Explain the process used to identify, prioritize, and select the parcels on your list:

Parcels are selected using the Property Management Zones (PMZs). The PMZs are identified using precision conservation modeling, along with monitoring, and science-based targeting. Parcels are then prioritized and ranked based on the degree of habitat degradation, restoration potential, and landowner interest and support. All parcels listed below have willing landowners ready to initiate the projects if funding allows.

Restore / Enhance Parcels

Name	County	TRDS	Acres	Est Cost	Existing Protection
Sanderson Restoration	Freeborn	10121234	42	\$21,000	Yes
Channel Restoration	Freeborn	10221209	20	\$1,611,000	Yes

Fee Parcels

Name	County	TRDS	Acres	Est Cost	Existing Protection
Sanderson Property Purchase	Freeborn	10121234	42	\$440,000	Yes

Parcel Map				110,000 11110 1
Blue Earth		Waseca	Steele	Dodge
Faribault			Freeborn ★	Mowe _r





Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council

Shell Rock River Watershed Habitat Restoration Program - Phase XIII Comparison Report

Program Title: ML 2024 - Shell Rock River Watershed Habitat Restoration Program - Phase XIII

Organization: Shell Rock River Watershed District

Manager: Courtney Phillips

Budget

Requested Amount: \$5,780,800 **Appropriated Amount:** \$2,060,000

Percentage: 35.64%

Item	Requested Proposal	Leverage Proposal	Appropriated AP	Leverage AP	Percent of Request	Percent of Leverage
Personnel	\$80,000	\$20,000	\$55,000	-	68.75%	0.0%
Contracts	\$2,871,200	-	\$1,469,000	-	51.16%	-
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	\$1,755,200	-	\$388,000	-	22.11%	-
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	-	-	-	-	-	-
Easement Acquisition	-	-	1	1	-	1
Easement Stewardship	-	-	1	1	-	1
Travel	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional Services	\$1,027,600	\$100,000	\$148,000	\$100,000	14.4%	100.0%
Direct Support Services	-	-	1	-	-	1
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	\$40,000	-	-	-	0.0%	-
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Equipment/Tools	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies/Materials	-	-	-	-	-	-
DNR IDP	\$6,800	-	-	-	0.0%	-
Grand Total	\$5,780,800	\$120,000	\$2,060,000	\$100,000	35.64%	83.33%

If the project received 70% of the requested funding

Describe how the scaling would affect acres/activities and if not proportionately reduced, why?

The District submits this proposal with the capability and intentions to complete all projects if fully funded. A 50% reduction means one acquisition would be removed, as well as 3 restoration and enhancement projects.

Describe how personnel and DSS expenses would be adjusted and if not proportionately reduced, why?

The District does not use DSS. Personnel would be reduced from \$100,000 down to \$60,000 similar to a proportionate reduction.

If the project received 50% of the requested funding

Describe how the scaling would affect acres/activities and if not proportionately reduced, why?Although not ideal, funding would be centered on acquiring one key parcel to expand a current DNR WMA. The remaining funds would be centered on the Channel Restoration Project and phasing the Panicum Prairie Project, which could lead to higher costs later on.

Describe how personnel and DSS expenses would be adjusted and if not proportionately reduced, why?

The District does not use DSS. The grant funded personnel costs would be reduced to \$45,000 but the inkind staff dollar amounts would be moved from personnel to professional expenses, creating a near proportionate reduction.

Output

Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)

Туре	Total	Total in AP	Percentage of
	Proposed		Proposed
Restore	212	62	29.25%
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	192	42	21.88%
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Easement	0	-	-
Enhance	550	0	0.0%

Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)

Туре	Total	Total in AP	Percentage of
	Proposed		Proposed
Restore	\$2,248,000	\$1,632,000	72.6%
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$2,137,800	\$440,000	20.58%
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-
Enhance	\$1,395,000	-	0.0%

Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)

Туре	Total	Total in AP	Percentage of
	Proposed		Proposed
Restore	212	62	29.25%
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	192	42	21.88%
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Easement	0	ı	-
Enhance	550	0	0.0%

Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)

Туре	Total	Total in AP	Percentage of
	Proposed		Proposed
Restore	\$2,248,000	\$1,632,000	72.6%
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$2,137,800	\$440,000	20.58%
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	1	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-
Enhance	\$1,395,000	-	0.0%