

Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council

Laws of Minnesota 2021 Accomplishment Plan

General Information

Date: 12/15/2020

Project Title: RIM Buffers for Wildlife and Water - Phase IX

Funds Recommended: \$4,170,000

Legislative Citation: ML 2021, Ch. XX, Art. 1, Sec. 2, subd.

Appropriation Language:

Manager Information

Manager's Name: Sharon Doucette

Title: Conservation Easement Section Manager

Organization: BWSR

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Location Information

County Location(s):

Eco regions in which work will take place:

- Forest / Prairie Transition
- Prairie
- Metro / Urban
- Southeast Forest

Activity types:

- Protect in Easement
- Restore

Priority resources addressed by activity:

Prairie

Narrative

Abstract

This continuation of the RIM Buffers program will protect and restore riparian areas, permanently protecting approximately 900 acres on 30 easements. This program will continue utilizing a science-based ranking and selection process and be implemented locally, working with SWCD staff in targeted areas in the state. Historically, buffer funding was used to expand basic water quality buffers into larger buffers. The focus of the funding is modified in this phase to include larger areas (floodplain scale) rather than the narrower areas traditionally thought of as riparian buffers and is in conjunction with a similar funding request to the CWC.

Design and Scope of Work

Riparian corridors containing healthy buffer and floodplain areas contribute to clean water and, when done correctly, provide critical wildlife habitat and travel corridors. The MN Buffer Law requires a modest buffer area on roughly 50% of these riparian areas but does not follow technical design criteria or accommodate flooding issues, and allows continued disturbance of these areas not favorable to wildlife. By extending the smaller required buffer area, we can create significantly better wildlife habitat while achieving multiple benefits. This partnership program between Outdoor Heritage Fund, Clean Water Fund, and potentially Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), would establish permanent riparian areas that provide both improved habitat and water quality benefits.

Criteria used to evaluate and prioritize parcels funded under this program include: One Watershed One Plans or other comprehensive water plans, proximity to other permanently protected habitat, DNR Pheasant Action Plan, MN Prairie Plan, proximity to lands open to public hunting, overall size, and type of water resource being buffered. A competitive RIM application process for landowners will be used. The goal for this new phase will be funding from both LSOHC and Clean Water Fund on a 1:1 basis as well as USDA when possible under existing or new CRP enrollment. Wider riparian areas provide long-term water quality treatment and increased habitat. Buffers that are established in proximity to other grasslands within the landscape benefit grassland nesting birds and other wildlife.

Reinvest in Minnesota (RIM) Buffers program delivery will be supported by delivery through Soil and Water Conservation Districts (SWCDs) and administered by Minnesota BWSR.

How does the plan address habitats that have significant value for wildlife species of greatest conservation need, and/or threatened or endangered species, and list targeted species?

Buffers are commonly viewed as a water quality practice, but buffers have positive impacts on wildlife due to their unique habitat. This is especially true for expanded width buffers enrolled through this program. Not only are grasslands protected or restored, detrimental impacts to stream-reliant biota is reduced. Many species of amphibians, such as the Northern Cricket Frog (endangered) rely on aquatic habitat during the breeding season and then spend most of their lives in upland habitat. In Southeastern MN, reptiles such as the Blanding's Turtle (endangered) rely on meandering streams, rivers, and adjacent lands.

The Sedge Wren, a Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) most commonly associated with grassland habitat, is encountered in buffer areas. Bird occurrence is influenced by buffer width; larger width buffers have a greater abundance and diversity of birds and grassland species. However, bird occurrence is negatively associated by edge exposure. In an effort to limit edge exposure, sites that may serve as corridors, preserve larger areas or expand current complexes receive higher weight during this program's scoring and ranking process.

Diverse vegetation, access to a water resource, and protection from pesticides are important to Minnesota's native pollinator species. BWSR's native vegetation guidelines and pollinator initiative demonstrate BWSR's commitment to protecting native pollinators. Complexes and corridors targeted through RIM Buffers provide areas that are safe from pesticides and are natural passageways for pollinators. Targeted pollinator species include the Monarch Butterfly and solitary bee species including Leafcutter Bees, Mason Bees, and Yellow-faced Bees.

SGCN in the RIM Buffers area include the Five-lined Skink, Two-spotted Skipper, Northern Pintail, American Black Duck, Grasshopper Sparrow, Upland Sandpiper, Sedge Wren, Dickcissel, and Western Grebe. In addition to the SGCN, the threatened or endangered species targeted in this proposal include the Dakota Skipper, Poweshiek Skipperling, and Rusty Patched Bumble Bee.

Describe how the plan uses science-based targeting that leverages or expands corridors and complexes, reduces fragmentation or protects areas identified in the MN County Biological Survey:

Through a combination of targeted outreach, eligibility screening, and a scoring and ranking process, each site is evaluated on its benefits to the surrounding landscape, as well as the site-specific features that provide benefits for permanent protection.

During the application process, a review of adjacent permanent habitat and easement size is conducted to indicate a site's importance as a corridor or extension to an existing habitat complex. Other examples of the science-based targeting include drainage to shallow lakes, buffering along lakeshore, planned vegetative diversity, and proximity to land open to public hunting.

As we implement this phase, we will utilize similar science-based considerations that have been historically used by the RIM Buffers Program.

Which two sections of the Minnesota Statewide Conservation and Preservation Plan are most applicable to this project?

- H2 Protect critical shoreland of streams and lakes
- H7 Keep water on the landscape

Which two other plans are addressed in this program?

- Long Range Plan for the Ring-Necked Pheasant in MN
- Outdoor Heritage Fund: A 25 Year Framework

Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this program?

Forest / Prairie Transition

• Protect, enhance, and restore wild rice wetlands, shallow lakes, wetland/grassland complexes, aspen parklands, and shoreland that provide critical habitat for game and nongame wildlife

Metro / Urban

 Protect habitat corridors, with emphasis on the Minnesota, Mississippi, and St. Croix rivers (bluff to floodplain)

Prairie

Protect expiring CRP lands

Southeast Forest

 Protect, enhance, and restore habitat for fish, game, and nongame wildlife in rivers, cold-water streams, and associated upland habitat

Does this program include leveraged funding?

No

Per MS 97A.056, Subd. 24, Please explain whether the request is supplanting or is a substitution for any previous funding that was not from a legacy fund and was used for the same purpose.

This funding request is not supplanting existing funding or a substitution for any previous funding.

Non-OHF Appropriations

Year	Source	Amount
2009-2019	Clean Water Fund	60,900,000
2008, 2011, 2012 and 2014	Bonding	17,640,206

How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended?

BWSR is responsible for monitoring and enforcement of RIM easements. BWSR partners with local SWCDs to carry out oversight, monitoring and inspection of conservation easements. Easements are inspected every year for the first five years beginning the year after the easement is recorded. Thereafter, on-site inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years. SWCDs document findings and report to BWSR on each site inspection conducted. A non-compliance procedure is implemented when potential violations or problems are identified.

Perpetual monitoring and enforcement costs are \$6,500 per easement. This value is based on using local SWCD staff for monitoring and existing enforcement authorities. The amount listed for Easement Stewardship includes costs of SWCD regular monitoring, BWSR oversight and any enforcement necessary.

Actions to Maintain Project Outcomes

Year	Source of Funds	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
2021-Ongoing	Stewardship Account	Inspections every year	Corrective actions of	Enforcement action
		for the first 5 years;	any violations	taken by MN Attorney

		then every 3rd year.		General office
2021-Ongoing	Landowner	Maintain compliance	-	-
	Responsibility	with easement terms		

Activity Details

Requirements

If funded, this program will meet all applicable criteria set forth in MS 97A.056?

Yes

Is the land you plan to acquire (easement) free of any other permanent protection?

Yes

Who will manage the easement?

The easements secured under this project will be managed as part of the MN Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) RIM Reserve Program. Easements are monitored annually for each of the first 5 years and then every 3rd year. BWSR, in cooperation with Soil and Water Conservation Districts, implements a stewardship process to track, monitor quality and assure compliance with easement terms. Under the terms of the Reinvest In Minnesota (RIM) Easement program, landowners are required to maintain compliance with the easement. A conservation plan is developed with the landowner and maintained as part of the easement. Basic easement compliance costs are borne by the landowner, periodic enhancements may be cost shared from a variety of sources.

Who will be the easement holder?

The easements secured under this project will be managed as part of the MN Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) RIM Reserve Program. Easements are monitored annually for each of the first 5 years and then every 3rd year. BWSR, in cooperation with Soil and Water Conservation Districts, implements a stewardship process to track, monitor quality and assure compliance with easement terms. Under the terms of the Reinvest In Minnesota (RIM) Easement program, landowners are required to maintain compliance with the easement. A conservation plan is developed with the landowner and maintained as part of the easement. Basic easement compliance costs are borne by the landowner, periodic enhancements may be cost shared from a variety of sources.

What is the anticipated number of easements (range is fine) you plan to accomplish with this appropriation?

30

Will restoration and enhancement work follow best management practices including MS 84.973 Pollinator Habitat Program?

Yes

Is the restoration and enhancement activity on permanently protected land per 97A.056, Subd 13(f), tribal lands, and/or public waters per MS 103G.005, Subd. 15?

Yes

Where does the activity take place?

• Other: RIM Perpetual Easements

Land Use

Will there be planting of any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program?

Yes

Explain what will be planted:

In certain circumstances, wildlife food plots are an allowable use on RIM easements as part of an approved Conservation Plan. Food plots on narrow buffers, steep slopes and wet areas are not allowed. RIM policy limits food plots to 10% of the total easement area or 5 acres, whichever is smaller. There is no cost share for establishment of food plots and upon termination the landowners must re-establish vegetation as prescribed in the Conservation Plan at their expense. Food plots are infrequently used by landowners, to date less than 3% of RIM easements have food plots.

Will the eased land be open for public use?

No

Are there currently trails or roads on any of the proposed acquisitions?

Yes

Describe the types of trails or roads and the allowable uses:

Existing trails and roads are identified during the easement acquisition process and are often excluded from the easement area if they serve no purpose to easement maintenance, monitoring or enforcement. Some roads and trails, such as agricultural field accesses, are allowed to remain.

Will the trails or roads remain and uses continue to be allowed after OHF acquisition? Yes

How will maintenance and monitoring be accomplished?

Under the terms of the RIM Easement, landowners are required to maintain compliance with the easement. Easements are monitored annually by SWCDs in cooperation with BWSR for the first 5 years and then every 3rd year after easement acquisition to assure compliance with easement terms.

A conservation plan is developed with the landowner and maintained as part of each easement. Basic easement compliance costs are borne by the landowner, periodic enhancements may be cost shared from a variety of sources.

Will new trails or roads be developed or improved as a result of the OHF acquisition?

Yes

Describe the types of trails or roads and the allowable uses:

Though uncommon, new trails could be developed if they contribute to easement maintenance or benefit the easement site (e.g. fire breaks, berm maintenance). Unauthorized trails are in violation of the easement.

How will maintenance and monitoring be accomplished?

The easements secured under this project will be managed as part of the BWSR RIM Reserve Program that has over 7,000 easements currently in place. Easements are monitored annually for each of the first 5 years and then every 3rd year after that. BWSR, in cooperation with SWCDs, implement a process to track, monitor quality and assure compliance with easement terms.

Under the terms of the Reinvest In Minnesota (RIM) Easement Program, landowners are required to maintain compliance with the easement. A conservation plan is developed with the landowner and

maintained as part of each easement. Basic easement compliance costs are borne by the landowner, periodic enhancements may be cost shared from a variety of sources.

Will the acquired parcels be restored or enhanced within this appropriation?

Yes

Vegetative restoration is planned to occur and these restoration costs are included in the easement acquisition amount.

Will the land that you acquire (fee or easement) be restored or enhanced within this program's funding and availability?

Yes

Timeline

Activity Name	Estimated Completion Date
Obtain applications from eligible landowners	June 30, 2023
Easements recorded	June 30, 2025
Restorations completed and final report submitted	June 30, 2029

Date of Final Report Submission: 11/01/2026

Budget

Budget reallocations up to 10% do not require an amendment to the Accomplishment Plan.

Totals

Item	Funding Request	Antic. Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$292,300	•	-	\$292,300
Contracts	\$63,000	1	-	\$63,000
Fee Acquisition w/	-	-	-	-
PILT				
Fee Acquisition w/o	-	-	-	-
PILT				
Easement Acquisition	\$3,563,000	-	-	\$3,563,000
Easement	\$195,000	-	-	\$195,000
Stewardship				
Travel	\$7,300	1	-	\$7,300
Professional Services	-	•	•	-
Direct Support	\$35,900	-	-	\$35,900
Services				
DNR Land Acquisition	-	1	-	-
Costs				
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-
Other	\$10,400	-	-	\$10,400
Equipment/Tools				
Supplies/Materials	\$3,100	-	-	\$3,100
DNR IDP	-	-	-	-
Grand Total	\$4,170,000	-	-	\$4,170,000

Personnel

Position	Annual FTE	Years Working	Funding Request	Antic. Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Eco/Eng	0.1	3.0	\$20,000	-	-	\$20,000
Easement	0.6	3.0	\$122,300	-	-	\$122,300
Processing						
Program	0.25	5.0	\$150,000	-	-	\$150,000
Management						

Amount of Request: \$4,170,000

Amount of Leverage: -

Leverage as a percent of the Request: 0.0%

DSS + Personnel: \$328,200

As a % of the total request: 7.87% Easement Stewardship: \$195,000

As a % of the Easement Acquisition: 5.47%

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

Fewer easements will be funded, acres protected and restored is reduced.

Describe and explain leverage source and confirmation of funds:

Personnel

Has funding for these positions been requested in the past?

Yes

Please explain the overlap of past and future staffing and position levels previously received and how that is coordinated over multiple years?

This is Phase 9 of an ongoing program. These funds will pay for staff time spent on new easements associated with this phase.

Contracts

What is included in the contracts line?

The contract line amount will be used for payments to SWCD staff for easement implementation. Estimated restoration costs are

included in the easements acquisition line.

Easement Stewardship

What is the number of easements anticipated, cost per easement for stewardship, and explain how that amount is calculated?

30 easements at \$6500 per easement. Perpetual monitoring and enforcement costs have been calculated at \$6,500 per easement. This value is based on using local SWCD staff for monitoring and landowner relations and existing enforcement authorities. The amount listed for Easement Stewardship covers costs of the SWCD regular monitoring, BWSR oversight, and any enforcement necessary.

Travel

Does the amount in the travel line include equipment/vehicle rental?

No

Explain the amount in the travel line outside of traditional travel costs of mileage, food, and lodging The travel line will only be used for traditional travel costs.

I understand and agree that lodging, meals, and mileage must comply with the current MMB Commissioner Plan:

Yes

Direct Support Services

How did you determine which portions of the Direct Support Services of your shared support services is direct to this program?

BWSR calculates and periodically reviews and updates direct support services costs that are directly related to and necessary for each request based on the type of work being done.

Other Equipment/Tools

Give examples of the types of Equipment and Tools that will be purchased?

Steel posts and signs to mark the easement boundaries.

Federal Funds

Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program?

No

Output Tables

Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Acres
Restore	-	-	1	-	ı
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	ı
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	1	-	1
Protect in Easement	-	900	-	-	900
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	900	•	-	900

Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Funding
Restore	-	\$208,600	ı	ı	\$208,600
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	ı	ı	ı	ı	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	1	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	ı	\$3,961,400	ı	ı	\$3,961,400
Enhance	-	1	-	-	-
Total	-	\$4,170,000	ı	ı	\$4,170,000

Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Acres
Restore	-	ı	ı	ı	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	1	1	1	1	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	1	1	1	-	-
Protect in Easement	90	630	90	90	-	900
Enhance	-		-		-	-
Total	90	630	90	90	-	900

Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total
						Funding
Restore	\$20,800	\$146,200	\$20,800	\$20,800	-	\$208,600
Protect in Fee with State	-	-	-	-	-	-
PILT Liability						
Protect in Fee w/o State	-	-	-	-	-	-
PILT Liability						
Protect in Easement	\$396,100	\$2,773,100	\$396,100	\$396,100	-	\$3,961,400
Enhance	-	1	-	-	-	ı
Total	\$416,900	\$2,919,300	\$416,900	\$416,900	-	\$4,170,000

Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type (Table 5)

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat
Restore	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	\$4,401	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-

Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section (Table 6)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest
Restore	-	-	-	-	ı
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State	-	-	-	-	-

PILT Liability					
Protect in Easement	\$4,401	\$4,401	\$4,401	\$4,401	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-

Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

Outcomes

Programs in forest-prairie transition region:

• Protected, restored, and enhanced aspen parklands and riparian areas ~ A summary of the total acres acquired through this appropriation will be reported. On-site inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes. An increase of native grassland habitat is expected to increase the carrying capacity of grassland-dependent wildlife. This would have a positive impact on both game and non-game species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these areas are restored.

Programs in metropolitan urbanizing region:

• A network of natural land and riparian habitats will connect corridors for wildlife and species in greatest conservation need ~ A summary of the total acres acquired through this appropriation will be reported. Onsite inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes. An increase of native grassland habitat is expected to increase the carrying capacity of grassland-dependent wildlife. This would have a positive impact on both game and non-game species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these areas are restored.

Programs in prairie region:

• Expiring CRP lands are permanently protected ~ A summary of the total acres acquired through this appropriation will be reported. On-site inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes. An increase of native grassland habitat is expected to increase the carrying capacity of grassland-dependent wildlife. This would have a positive impact on both game and non-game species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these areas are restored.

Programs in southeast forest region:

• Rivers, streams, and surrounding vegetation provide corridors of habitat ~ A summary of the total acres acquired through this appropriation will be reported. On-site inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes. An increase of native grassland habitat is expected to increase the carrying capacity of grassland-dependent wildlife. This would have a positive impact on both game and non-game species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these areas are restored.

Parcels

For restoration and enhancement programs ONLY: Managers may add, delete, and substitute projects on this parcel list based upon need, readiness, cost, opportunity, and/or urgency so long as the substitute parcel/project forwards the constitutional objectives of this program in the Project Scope table of this accomplishment plan. The final accomplishment plan report will include the final parcel list.

Parcel Information

Sign-up Criteria?

Yes

Explain the process used to identify, prioritize, and select the parcels on your list:

Through a combination of eligibility screening followed by a scoring and ranking process, the RIM Buffers program evaluates each application on the potential to restore ecological functions and values; optimizing wildlife habitat benefits and providing other benefits including water quality. Each site is evaluated on its benefits to the surrounding landscape and any site-specific features that are important for permanent protection of habitat.

During the application process, a review of adjacent permanent habitat and easement size is conducted to indicate a site's usefulness as a corridor or as an extension of an existing habitat complex.

BWSR will continue to utilize similar science-based considerations as have been historically used by the RIM Buffers Program.



Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council

Comparison Report

Program Title: ML 2021 - RIM Buffers for Wildlife and Water - Phase IX

Organization: BWSR

Manager: Sharon Doucette

Budget

Requested Amount: \$10,000,000 **Appropriated Amount:** \$4,170,000

Percentage: 41.7%

	Total Requested		Total Appı	opriated	Percentage of Request		
Item	Requested	Leverage	Appropriated	Leverage	Percent of Request	Percent of Leverage	
Personnel	\$450,500	-	\$292,300	-	64.88%	-	
Contracts	\$153,300	-	\$63,000	-	41.1%	-	
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Easement Acquisition	\$8,789,300	-	\$3,563,000	-	40.54%	-	
Easement Stewardship	\$474,500	-	\$195,000	-	41.1%	-	
Travel	\$17,500	-	\$7,300	-	41.71%	-	
Professional Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Direct Support Services	\$82,400	-	\$35,900	-	43.57%	-	
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Equipment/Tools	\$7,500	-	\$10,400	-	138.67%	-	
Supplies/Materials	\$25,000	-	\$3,100	-	12.4%	-	
DNR IDP	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Grand Total	\$10,000,000	-	\$4,170,000	-	41.7%	-	

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

Fewer easements will be funded, acres protected and restored is reduced.

Output

Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)

Туре	Total	Total in AP	Percentage of
	Proposed		Proposed
Restore	0	ı	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	ı	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	0	ı	-
Protect in Easement	2,200	900	40.91%
Enhance	0	ı	-

Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)

Туре	Total	Total in AP	Percentage of
	Proposed		Proposed
Restore	\$484,000	\$208,600	43.1%
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	ı	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	ı	-
Protect in Easement	\$9,516,000	\$3,961,400	41.63%
Enhance	-	-	-

Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)

Туре	Total Proposed	Total in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	ı	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	1	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	0	ı	-
Protect in Easement	2,200	900	40.91%
Enhance	0	-	-

Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)

Туре	Total	Total in AP	Percentage of
	Proposed		Proposed
Restore	\$484,000	\$208,600	43.1%
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	ı	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	ı	-
Protect in Easement	\$9,516,000	\$3,961,400	41.63%
Enhance	-	ı	ı

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RIM FILTER STRIP - CP21

~~ >	35
MN	CREP

	ENVIRONMENTAL BE	ENEFITS SCORING SHEET	
	Landowner Name:	County/SWCD Office:	MN CREP
Choose onl	y ONE answer per question below	CP21 Tot	al Score
1. LOCATIO	ON — At least a portion of the CP21 offer is Public water included on the Buffer protection ma Public drainage system included on the Buffer pro Priority water identified in a State approved local None of the above — 0 pts	ap — 20 pts otection map — 7 pts	Score
2. LINEAR (CORRIDOR CONNECTIVITY (maximum score 15	5)	Score
a.	Permanently protected land (fee title or easemen and Habitat CREP eligible offer or approved contro devoted to CP21 — 15 pts	· ·	
b.	Permanently protected land (fee title or easemen and Habitat CREP eligible offer or approved contra devoted to CP21 — 7 pts	· ·	
c.	Permanently protected land (fee title or easemen and Habitat CREP eligible offer or approved contra body is within one mile of either end of the land t	act on the same watercourse/water	
☐ d .	Permanently protected land (fee title or easemen and Habitat CREP eligible offer or approved contra body is greater than one mile from either end of t	act on the same watercourse/water	
	 total length of the CP21 offer in linear the watercourse as possible, each side (if both sides of a watercourse are a page 30) 	is counted and added together	Score
	> 20,000 ft — 30 pts > 5,000 and ≤ 20,000 ft — 20 pts		
b.	> 2,500 and \le 20,000 ft — 20 pts		
☐ d.	> 1,000 and ≤ 2,500 ft — 8 pts		
e.	≤ 1,000 ft — 4 pts		

RIM FILTER STRIP - CP21 ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS SCORING SHEET

4. Sediment and Sediment Associated Materials Potential (derived from MN NRCS Filter Strip Standard 393, Table 1). Select the score that represents the specific filter strip situation of the CP21 offer as utilized when filter strip width was determined. (maximum score 17)

|--|

RUSLE2 Soil Loss	Upland W	atershed Area	to Filter Strip	Area Ratio
tons/acre/yr	60:1	40:1	20:1	10:1
≤ 2	5	5	5	5
2.1–4	<u> </u>	13	7	5
4.1–6	N/A	13	10	7
6.1–8	N/A	17	17	10

OR

Soluble Materials Potential (sediment and sediment associated materials potential already included in the chart below) (derived from MN NRCS Filter Strip Standard 393, Table 1). Select the score that represents the specific filter strip situation of the CP21 offer as utilized when filter strip width was determined. (maximum score 35)

% Slope of	Upland W	atershed Area	to Filter Strip	Area Ratio
Contributing Area	60:1	40:1	20:1	10:1
1.1-3	22	20	17	14
3.1–5	29	25	22	20
5.1–12	35	30	29	24

#NAME?