

Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council

Accelerating the Wildlife Management Area Program - Phase XI

Laws of Minnesota 2019 Accomplishment Plan

General Information

Date: 10/07/2024

Project Title: Accelerating the Wildlife Management Area Program - Phase XI

Funds Recommended: \$6,060,000

Legislative Citation: ML 2019, 1st Sp. Session, Ch. 2, Art. 1, Sec. 2, subd 2(b)

Appropriation Language: \$6,060,000 the first year is to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pheasants Forever to acquire in fee and restore and enhance lands for wildlife management under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 8. Subject to evaluation criteria in Minnesota Rules, part 6136.0900, priority must be given to acquiring lands that are eligible for the native prairie bank under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.96, or lands adjacent to protected native prairie. A list of proposed land acquisitions must be provided as part of the required accomplishment plan.

Manager Information

Manager's Name: Eran Sandquist Title: State Coordinator - MN Organization: Pheasants Forever, Inc. Address: 410 Lincoln Ave S PO Box 91 City: South Haven, MN 55382 Email: esandquist@pheasantsforever.org Office Number: 320 236 7755 Mobile Number: 763 242 1273 Fax Number: Website: www.pheasantsforever.org

Location Information

County Location(s): Scott, Le Sueur, Watonwan, Murray, Rock, Renville, Brown, Nobles, Sibley, Lincoln, Lyon, Steele, Redwood, Jackson, Cottonwood, Kandiyohi, Carver, Lac qui Parle, Douglas, Meeker, Martin, Pope, Faribault, Yellow Medicine, Swift, Stearns, Chippewa, Mahnomen, Big Stone, McLeod, Washington, Otter Tail and Dakota.

Eco regions in which work will take place:

- Forest / Prairie Transition
- Prairie
- Metro / Urban

Activity types:

• Protect in Fee

Priority resources addressed by activity:

- Wetlands
- Prairie

Narrative

Abstract

This programmatic proposal accelerates the protection and restoration of 1,073 acres of strategic prairie grassland, wetland, and other wildlife habitats as State Wildlife Management Areas (WMA) open to public hunting. Pheasants Forever (PF) will be protecting parcels that build onto or create a corridor between existing protected lands which will be transferred to the MN Department of Natural Resources (MN DNR) to be included as a WMA. All acquisitions will occur within the prairie, prairie/forest transition, and metro planning regions. These areas have seen the greatest decline in upland and wetland habitats.

Design and Scope of Work

Pressures from development, industry, and agriculture continue to mount on wildlife habitat within the farmland regions of Minnesota. Despite our collective investments in conservation, many of the agricultural counties in Minnesota are continuing to experience a net loss of wildlife habitat. This unfortunate reality is exacerbated by the conversion of lands expiring out of CRP. In the next five years, Minnesota's agricultural landscape is set to experience a loss of 549,185 acres due to expiration out of CRP. In 2018 alone MN will lose 201,294 acres of CRP that are set to expire. This equates to roughly a 20% loss of our grassland habitat necessary for pheasants, ducks, and the suite of grassland species that call Minnesota home. Now, more than ever, is the time to accelerate our investments in permanently protected high-quality habitat complexes that will protect, sustain, and increase Minnesota's wildlife populations. Providing public habitat for Minnesotans to hunt, trap, fish and otherwise recreate in the outdoors are urgent needs for Minnesota's growing citizenry. Access to the outdoors is fundamental to ensuring Minnesota's outdoor heritage is passed on to future generations.

PF and our partners will protect (fee acquisition from willing sellers) 1,073 acres of high priority grassland (native prairie if available), wetland, and wildlife habitat as WMAs throughout the pheasant range of Minnesota. PF is striving to protect strategic tracts that build landscape level habitat complexes. Many of the potential projects are additions to existing WMAs which were originally acquired in partnership with MNDNR, local PF chapters, and conservation partners.

Projects were developed and selected in conjunction with local and regional DNR staff. All projects will meet standards and requirements for inclusion into the WMA system and DNR Commissioner approval will be received for any project funded under this proposal. In addition to meeting the minimum WMA standards, additional criteria are used to develop the potential project list including: 1) Does the parcel contain habitat restoration potential that will result in an increase in wildlife populations? 2) Does the parcel build upon existing investments in public and private land habitat (landscape scale significance)? 3) Does the parcel contain significant natural

Project #: None communities or will it protect or buffer significant natural communities? 4) Does the parcel have the potential and focus for habitat protection and restoration in the future? 5) Does the parcel provide multiple benefits (recreation, access, water control, water quality, wellhead protection, riparian protection, local community support, etc.)?

Providing high-quality habitat and keeping future management concerns in mind, all acquisitions will be restored and/or enhanced to as high quality as practicable, with the belief that quality and comprehensive restorations utilizing native species result in lower management costs. Acquired croplands will be permanently retired and restored to diverse grasslands and wetlands habitat. Restorations will also consider the needs of the monarch butterfly and native prairie.

How does the plan address habitats that have significant value for wildlife species of greatest conservation need, and/or threatened or endangered species, and list targeted species?

PF is actively engaged in conservation priority planning meetings with local, state & government agencies, SWCDs, nonprofits, and other stake holders to determine what areas are the highest priority for adding permanently protected lands in the prairie, prairie/forest transition, and metro planning areas. Focus areas are identified by finding places with an urgency to permanently protect habitat that include factors such as: 1) rare, threatened, & endangered species in an area that are on the decline; 2) are we losing a habitat type at a high rate due to invasive tree encroachment which will cause a subsequent decline of the wildlife species in that area; 3) can we strategically build wildlife habitat while also protecting water resources such as wellhead protection areas. Asking questions like these help drive PF's priorities. Priority is also given to retiring and restoring marginal farmland that have highly erodible land and drained wetlands. Sellers often say that the lands we are acquiring should have never been farmed, citing that in many years, that farming was not profitable for them. Building new habitat around existing permanently protected complexes also reverses the number one threat to all of Minnesota's wildlife species, habitat fragmentation. When selecting projects for this proposal PF uses the latest GIS layers and works with DNR staff to identify rare, threatened, and endangered species that occur on or near a project. Species of greatest conservation need are also considered and influence restoration plans after the land is permanently protected. The aim is to increase functionality and productivity of grassland landscapes for these species (e.g. Grassland Bird Conservation Area Concept) to maximize quality habitat for important wildlife species. Restoration of wetland and high diversity grassland complexes will provide habitat for a myriad of species including waterfowl, black terns, bobolinks, meadowlarks, ring-necked pheasants, pollinators, and monarchs. Other species of concern benefiting from this project include the prairie chicken, short-eared owl, marsh hawk, and yellow rails.

Describe how the plan uses science-based targeting that leverages or expands corridors and complexes, reduces fragmentation or protects areas identified in the MN County Biological Survey:

This proposal utilizes the best science and modeling available to build or expand corridors and complexes. To scale this large programmatic grant to local landscape level priorities PF works in close collaboration with the local area managers of the MN DNR, USFWS, and other Minnesota partners. In addition, we use SWAAT scores to build on existing grassland and wetland conservation efforts in a science-based approach. This proposal will continue to utilize spatial data and the power of GIS to identify acquisitions based on landscape level priority areas. Preference is given to project sites that help deliver the goals of other recognized conservation initiatives and plans. Data layers (i.e. MN Biological Survey, Natural Heritage Database, MN Prairie Plan, Wellhead Protection Areas, HAPET Scores, Pheasant Action Plan, existing protected land, etc.) will be used to help justify projects and focus areas as well as to inform decisions when allocating scarce dollars for habitat protection, restoration, and enhancement. If there are species of concern located on or adjacent to project tracts as identified in the MCBS survey, we take an

Which two sections of the Minnesota Statewide Conservation and Preservation Plan are most applicable to this project?

- H1 Protect priority land habitats
- H5 Restore land, wetlands and wetland-associated watersheds

Which two other plans are addressed in this program?

- Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan
- Minnesota's Wildlife Management Area Acquisition The Next 50 Years

Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this program?

Forest / Prairie Transition

• Protect, enhance, and restore wild rice wetlands, shallow lakes, wetland/grassland complexes, aspen parklands, and shoreland that provide critical habitat for game and nongame wildlife

Metro / Urban

• Protect, enhance, and restore remnant native prairie, Big Woods forests, and oak savanna with an emphasis on areas with high biological diversity

Prairie

• Protect, enhance, or restore existing wetland/upland complexes, or convert agricultural lands to new wetland/upland habitat complexes

Outcomes

Programs in forest-prairie transition region:

• Protected, restored, and enhanced nesting and migratory habitat for waterfowl, upland birds, and species of greatest conservation need ~ *Strategic parcels that increase the functionality of existing habitat will be acquired and restored to functioning wetlands with diverse upland prairie to serve as habitat for pollinators, resident and migratory game and non-game species. Lands will be transferred to the state as a WMA to provide accelerated wildlife habitat and public access, monitored by Minnesota DNR. Protected and restored acres will be measured against goals outlined in the "Minnesota's Wildlife Management Area Acquisition - The Next 50 Years" and "the Long Range Plan for the Ring-Necked Pheasant in MN".*

Programs in metropolitan urbanizing region:

• Protected habitats will hold wetlands and shallow lakes open to public recreation and hunting ~ *Strategic* parcels that increase the functionality of existing habitat will be acquired and restored to functioning wetlands with diverse upland prairie to serve as habitat for pollinators, resident and migratory game and non-game species. Lands will be transferred to the state as a WMA to provide accelerated wildlife habitat and public access, monitored by Minnesota DNR. Protected and restored acres will be measured against goals

outlined in the "Minnesota's Wildlife Management Area Acquisition - The Next 50 Years" and "the Long Range Plan for the Ring-Necked Pheasant in MN".ds.

Programs in prairie region:

Key core parcels are protected for fish, game and other wildlife ~ Strategic parcels that increase the functionality of existing habitat will be acquired and restored to functioning wetlands with diverse upland prairie to serve as habitat for pollinators, resident and migratory game and non-game species. Lands will be transferred to the state as a WMA to provide accelerated wildlife habitat and public access, monitored by Minnesota DNR. Protected and restored acres will be measured against goals outlined in the "Minnesota's Wildlife Management Area Acquisition - The Next 50 Years" and "the Long Range Plan for the Ring-Necked Pheasant in MN".

Does this program include leveraged funding?

Yes

Explain the leverage:

Land acquisition and restoration have not kept pace with habitat restoration needs or the backlog of willing sellers within the pheasant range. Opportunity is not the limiting factor in implementing the Pheasant Action Plan and the MN Prairie Conservation Plan. Available funding is the limiting factor. With current CRP expiration rates, Minnesota's conservation efforts must be accelerated to sustain wildlife populations. Before the passage of the OHF, PF would help acquire approximately 1,000 acres of land yearly that had been donated to a public agency. This grant significantly accelerates our ability to acquire priority parcels and more than triples our historic yearly accomplishments even when considering the increased cost of land values. If funded, this proposal will accelerate the protection and restoration of Minnesota's valuable wetland and grassland habitats and provide additional public hunting and fishing areas.

Per MS 97A.056, Subd. 24, Please explain whether the request is supplanting or is a substitution for any previous funding that was not from a legacy fund and was used for the same purpose.

This proposal supplements past investments and is aimed at accelerating the protection and restoration of strategic parcels.

Non-OHF Appropriations

Year	Source	Amount
Annual	PF	\$150,000

How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended?

All lands will be enrolled into the state Wildlife Management Area system and will be managed in perpetuity by the Minnesota DNR. All acquired lands will meet the minimum initial development standards for WMAs. All acquisitions will be restored and/or enhanced to as high quality as practicable, with the knowledge that quality and comprehensive restorations utilizing native species result in lower management costs. In addition, our local PF chapter members and volunteers maintain a high interest in seeing the habitat and productivity of acquired parcels are at high-quality levels. PF and partners including the DNR and USFWS will develop an ecological restoration and management plan for each parcel. Grant and partner dollars will also be used for the initial site development and restoration/enhancement work.

Actions to Maintain Project Outcomes

Year	Source of Funds	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
Post Transfer to	MN DNR - Game and	Monitoring	Maintenance	Management
MNDNR	Fish Funds			

Activity Details

Requirements

If funded, this program will meet all applicable criteria set forth in MS 97A.056? Yes

Will county board or other local government approval <u>be formally sought**</u> prior to acquisition, per 97A.056 subd 13(j)?

No

Describe any measures to inform local governments of land acquisition under their jurisdiction: At a minimum PF and/or MN DNR will notify local government in writing of the intent to acquire and donate lands to the state and follow up with questions prior to acquisition. In cases where there is interest, we will also indicate our willingness to attend or ask to attend county or township meetings to communicate our interest in the projects and seek support.

Is the land you plan to acquire (fee title) free of any other permanent protection? No

Describe the permanent protection and justification for additional protection:

A limited number of the parcels may have a federal or state easement on a portion of the tract which provides permanent protection for wetlands or grasslands. If a parcel has one of these encumbrances, and is still deemed a high priority by the partnership, we will follow guidance established by the Outdoor Heritage Fund to proceed, or use non-state funding to acquire the residual value of the protected portion of the property.

Land Use

Will there be planting of any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program, either by the proposer or the end owner of the property, outside of the initial restoration of the land? Yes

Explain what will be planted and include the maximum percentage of any acquired parcel that would be planted into foodplots by the proposer or the end owner of the property:

The primary purposes of WMAs are to develop and manage for the production of wildlife and for compatible outdoor recreation. To fulfill those goals, the DNR may use limited farming specifically to enhance or benefit the management of state lands for wildlife. This proposal may include initial development plans or restoration plans to utilize farming to prepare previously farmed sites for native plant seeding. This is a standard practice across the Midwest to prepare the seedbed for native seed planting. In these restorations, PF's policy is to use non neonicotinoid treated seed and no herbicides other than glyphosate. On a small percentage of WMAs (less than 2.5%), DNR uses farming to provide a winter food source for a variety of wildlife species in agriculture-dominated landscapes largely devoid of winter food sources. There are no immediate plans to use farming for winter food on any of the parcels in this proposal.

Are any of the crop types planted GMO treated?

True

Is this land currently open for hunting and fishing?

No

Will the land be open for hunting and fishing after completion? Yes

Describe any variation from the State of Minnesota regulations:

No variation from State of Minnesota regulations.

Who will eventually own the fee title land?

• State of MN

Land acquired in fee will be designated as a:

• WMA

What is the anticipated number of closed acquisitions (range is fine) you plan to accomplish with this appropriation?

We anticipate closing on five to seven tracts through this appropriation.

Are there currently trails or roads on any of the proposed acquisitions?

No

Will new trails or roads be developed or improved as a result of the OHF acquisition? No

Will the acquired parcels be restored or enhanced within this appropriation?

Yes

Yes. We may also seek additional leverage (i.e. PF chapters, federal, etc.) to supplement the restoration budget contained within this proposal.

Activity Name	Estimated Completion Date
Identify priority acquisitions	07/01/2019
Contract appraisals ordered	09/01/2019
Purchase agreements	02/01/2020
Re-evaluate tract priority	02/14/2020
Contract appraisals ordered	04/01/2020
Purchase agreements	09/01/2020
Close on tracts	01/01/2022
Restorations completed	06/30/2024

Timeline

Date of Final Report Submission: 11/01/2024

Availability of Appropriation: Subd. 7. Availability of Appropriation

Money appropriated in this section may not be spent on activities unless they are directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation and are specified in the accomplishment plan approved by the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council. Money appropriated in this section must not be spent on indirect costs or other institutional

overhead charges that are not directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation. Unless otherwise provided, the amounts in this section are available until June 30, 2022. For acquisition of real property, the amounts in this section are available until June 30, 2023, if a binding agreement with a landowner or purchase agreement is entered into by June 30, 2022, and closed no later than June 30, 2023. Funds for restoration or enhancement are available until June 30, 2024, or five years after acquisition, whichever is later, in order to complete initial restoration or enhancement work. If a project receives at least 15 percent of its funding from federal funds, the time of the appropriation may be extended to equal the availability of federal funding to a maximum of six years if that federal funding was confirmed and included in the original draft accomplishment plan. Funds appropriated for fee title acquisition of land may be used to restore, enhance, and provide for public use of the land acquired with the appropriation. Public-use facilities must have a minimal impact on habitat in acquired lands.

Budget

Budget reallocations up to 10% do not require an amendment to the Accomplishment Plan.

Totals

Item	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$60,000	-	-	\$60,000
Contracts	\$919,500	-	-	\$919,500
Fee Acquisition w/	\$4,635,700	\$215,000	PF, Federal, Private	\$4,850,700
PILT				
Fee Acquisition w/o	-	-	-	-
PILT				
Easement Acquisition	-	-	-	-
Easement	-	-	-	-
Stewardship				
Travel	\$3,400	-	-	\$3,400
Professional Services	\$220,000	-	-	\$220,000
Direct Support	\$11,400	-	-	\$11,400
Services				
DNR Land Acquisition	\$125,000	-	-	\$125,000
Costs				
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Equipment/Tools				
Supplies/Materials	-	-	-	-
DNR IDP	\$85,000	-	-	\$85,000
Grand Total	\$6,060,000	\$215,000	-	\$6,275,000

Personnel

Position	Annual FTE	Years Working	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
PF State Coordinator- MN	0.03	3.0	\$10,000	-	-	\$10,000
PF Field Staff	0.064	3.0	\$29,000	-	-	\$29,000
PF Grants Staff	0.06	3.0	\$21,000	-	-	\$21,000

Amount of Request: \$6,060,000 Amount of Leverage: \$215,000 Leverage as a percent of the Request: 3.55% DSS + Personnel: \$71,400 As a % of the total request: 1.18% Easement Stewardship: -As a % of the Easement Acquisition: -

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

We have reduced accomplishments/costs proportionately across the overall program to accommodate the reduced appropriation. As a result of the reduction, we will be able to protect fewer acres. As in past appropriations, we will focus on the most strategic, highest priority tracts.

Describe and explain leverage source and confirmation of funds:

Leverage is expected from multiple sources including but not limited to federal sources, land value donations, contractor donations and PF. Not every source is 100% confirmed at this point. However, PF has an exemplary track record of delivery and over-achievement of match commitments that further stretch OHF funding.

Contracts

What is included in the contracts line?

We anticipate that all of the contract funding will be used for restoration, enhancement and initial development of the protected acres. This could include but is not limited to wetland/grassland restoration, tree removal, prescribed fire, building removal, posts, signs, and other development activities.

Travel

Does the amount in the travel line include equipment/vehicle rental? No

Explain the amount in the travel line outside of traditional travel costs of mileage, food, and lodging n/a

I understand and agree that lodging, meals, and mileage must comply with the current MMB Commissioner Plan:

No

Direct Support Services

How did you determine which portions of the Direct Support Services of your shared support services is direct to this program?

PF utilizes the Total Modified Direct Cost method. This methodology is annually approved by the U.S. Department of Interior's National Business Center as the basis for the organization's Indirect Cost Rate agreement. PF's allowable direct support services cost is 4.12%. In this proposal, PF has discounted its rate to 1.5% of the sum of personnel, contracts, professional services, and travel. We are donating the difference-in-kind.

Federal Funds

Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program? Yes

> Are the funds confirmed? No

What is the approximate date you anticipate receiving confirmation of the federal funds? 07/01/2019

Output Tables

Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)

Туре	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Acres
Restore	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	182	891	0	0	1,073
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Easement	0	0	0	0	0
Enhance	0	0	0	0	0
Total	182	891	0	0	1,073

How many of these Prairie acres are Native Prairie? (Table 1b)

Туре	Native Prairie (acres)
Restore	0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	17
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	0
Protect in Easement	0
Enhance	0
Total	17

Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)

Туре	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Funding
Restore	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$1,031,000	\$5,029,000	-	-	\$6,060,000
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$1,031,000	\$5,029,000	-	-	\$6,060,000

Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Acres
Restore	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	43	172	0	858	0	1,073
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Easement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Enhance	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	43	172	0	858	0	1,073

Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Funding
Restore	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$242,500	\$969,600	-	\$4,847,900	-	\$6,060,000
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$242,500	\$969,600	-	\$4,847,900	-	\$6,060,000

Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type (Table 5)

Туре	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat
Restore	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$5,664	\$5,644	-	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-

Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section (Table 6)

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest
Restore	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$5,639	\$5,637	-	\$5,650	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-

Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

Parcels

Parcel Information

Sign-up Criteria?

No

Explain the process used to identify, prioritize, and select the parcels on your list:

Fee Parcels

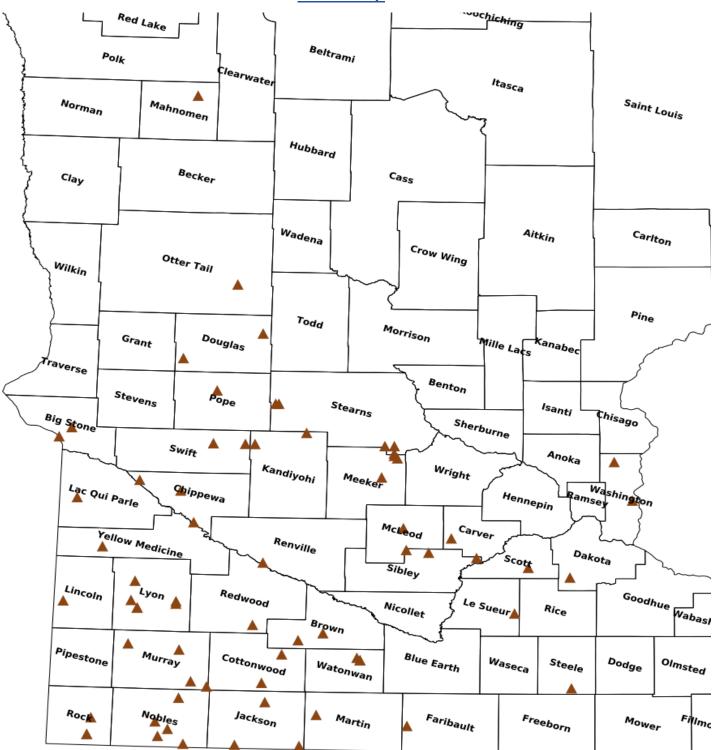
Name	County	TRDS	Acres	Est Cost	Existing Protection
Thielke Lake WMA	Big Stone	12246202	385	\$975,000	Yes
Meadowlark Acres WMA	Brown	10933236	120	\$250,000	No
Terri WMA Addition	Brown	10834215	152	\$160,000	Yes
Numo WMA Addition	Chippewa	11840209	67	\$450,000	No
Spartan WMA Addition	Chippewa	11639218	66	\$360,000	No
Lac Qui Parle WMA Addition	Chippewa	11942220	35	\$75,000	No
Rock Ridge WMA Addition	Cottonwood	10735214	59	\$125,000	Yes
Farhagen WMA Addition Tr. 2	Cottonwood	10536214	120	\$900,000	No
Chub Lake WMA Addition	Dakota	11320234	80	\$650,000	No
Roger Holmes WMA Addition	Douglas	12936210	370	\$840,000	No
Lake Guckeen WMA Addition	Faribault	10228208	31	\$260,000	No
Caraway WMA Addition	Jackson	10436225	99	\$800,000	No
Petersburg WMA Addition	Jackson	10134226	116	\$650,000	Yes
Cabinrock WMA Addition	Kandiyohi	12236232	123	\$525,000	No
Regal Meadows WMA Addition	Kandiyohi	12234201	100	\$500,000	No
NE Four Corners WMA Addition	Lac qui Parle	11845231	86	\$340,000	No
Weeks Lake WMA	Lincoln	11046204	92	\$375,000	No
Grandview WMA Addition	Lyon	11242219	160	\$1,136,000	No
Amiret WMA Addition	Lyon	11040205	143	\$715,000	No
Brawner Lake WMA Addition	Lyon	11042217	101	\$300,000	No
Prairie Marshes Tr. 17	Lyon	11143236	177	\$870,000	No
Brawner Lake WMA Addition	Lyon	11042217	117	\$365,000	No
Amiret Tr. 18	Lyon	11140232	151	\$630,000	No
Budde Meadows WMA Addition	Mahnomen	14640236	257	\$300,000	No
Caron WMA Addition	Martin	10333222	140	\$940,000	No
Rich Valley WMA Addition	McLeod	11629224	77	\$425,000	No
Kingston WMA Addition	Meeker	12129221	40	\$180,000	No
Kingston WMA Addition	Meeker	12129227	40	\$160,000	No
Powers Lake WMA	Meeker	12230236	6	\$40,000	No
Powers Lake WMA	Meeker	11930202	260	\$1,075,000	No
Haberman WMA Addition	Murray	10539218	80	\$450,000	No
Rupp WMA Addn	Murray	10740209	25	\$134,776	No
Tutt WMA Addition	Murray	10843235	46	\$275,000	No
Talcot Lake WMA Addition	Murray	10539225	40	\$150,000	No
Lone Tree WMA Addn T16 & 16A	Nobles	10440221	57	\$450,000	No
Ransom Ridge WMA	Nobles	10141209	320	\$1,500,000	No
Lambert Prairie WMA Addition	Nobles	10241225	63	\$250,000	No
Wachter WMA Addition - T17	Nobles	10140226	57	\$500,000	No
Lambert Prairie WMA Addition	Nobles	10241208	75	\$650,000	No
Inman WMA Addition	Otter Tail	13337232	40	\$80,000	No
Lamberton WMA Addition	Redwood	10936217	160	\$800,000	No
Cold Spring WMA Addn	Renville	11336202	47	\$282,755	No
TBD WMA	Rock	10145211	40	\$480,000	No

Project #: None

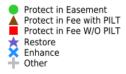
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TBD WMA	Rock	10145211	80	\$960,000	No
Faxon WMA Addition	Sibley	11425223	18	\$80,000	No
Bob Gehlen WMA Addition	Sibley	11428206	12	\$75,000	No
L Daniel & Virginia Frenzel WMA Addition T2	Stearns	12129216	80	\$320,000	No
Alice Hamm WMA Addition	Stearns	12229233	33	\$120,000	No
Mel Roehrl WMA Addition Tr. 3	Stearns	12435204	160	\$600,000	No
Mel Roehrl WMA Addition Tr. 4	Stearns	12435205	120	\$500,000	No
Straight River WMA Addition	Steele	10520223	200	\$550,000	No
Bench WMA Addition	Swift	12238231	80	\$300,000	No
Monson WMA Addition	Swift	12237235	15	\$60,000	No
Hardwood Creek WMA Addition	Washington	03221223	343	\$1,000,000	No
Younger Brothers WMA Addition	Watonwan	10731222	40	\$200,000	No
Younger Bros WMA Addition	Watonwan	10731226	80	\$375,000	No
Younger Brothers WMA Addition	Watonwan	10731226	74	\$325,000	No
Upper Antelope Valley WMA Addition	Yellow	11444209	34	\$51,000	No
	Medicine				

Fee Parcels with Buildings

Name	County	TRDS	Acres	Est Cost	Existing	Buildings	Value of
					Protection		Buildings
Thielke Lake WMA	Big Stone	12246230	715	\$1,750,000	Yes	1	\$15,000
Tiger Lake WMA Addition	Carver	11526209	40	\$650,000	No	10	\$150,000
Roy Thompson WMA	Douglas	12740204	240	\$800,000	No	1	\$0
Sioux Valley WMA	Jackson	10137228	21	\$150,000	No	2	-
Addition							
Dora Lake WMA Addition	Le Sueur	11023214	132	\$650,000	No	2	\$201,400
Star Lake WMA	Роре	12538208	462	\$1,100,000	No	1	\$5,000
Rock River WMA Addn	Rock	10245201	200	\$1,749,972	No	6	\$200,000
Bradshaw WMA Addition	Scott	11322209	53	\$700,000	Yes	3	\$166,000
Severance Lake WMA	Sibley	11427208	133	\$600,000	No	6	\$50,000
Addition	-						
Bayport WMA Addition	Washington	02920209	194	\$3,500,000	No	10	\$150,000



Parcel Map



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26 39 mi