Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council Laws of Minnesota 2017 Accomplishment Plan

Date: October 21, 2016

Program or Project Title: RIM Wetlands - Phase VIII

Funds Recommended: \$ 10,398,000

Manager's Name: Dave Rickert Title: Easement Specialist

Organization: Board of Water and Soil Resources

Address: 520 Lafayette Road City: St. Paul, MN 55155 Office Number: 651-296-0884 Email: dave.rickert@state.mn.us Website: www.bwsr.state.mn.us

Legislative Citation: ML 2017, Ch. X, Art. X, Sec. X

Appropriation Language:

County Locations: Not Listed

Regions in which work will take place:

- Forest / Prairie Transition
- Metro / Urban
- Prairie
- Southeast Forest

Activity types:

- Protect in Easement
- Restore

Priority resources addressed by activity:

- Prairie
- Wetlands

Abstract:

Utilizing the new CREP III partnership to secure permanent conservation easements, this continuation of the RIM Wetlands Program will protect and restore 4,125 acres of previously drained wetlands and adjacent native grasslands on approximately 47 easements. This Program will continue to utilize a science-based ranking and selection process and be implemented locally, working with local SWCD, NRCS, and FSA staff in the 54 county CREP area. It is estimated that \$1 of OHF will be leveraged with at least \$2 of Federal funds through CREP.

Design and scope of work:

Wetland and prairie landscapes have been lost at an alarming rate over the last 150 years. Prairies once comprised nearly 20 million acres in Minnesota. Less than 1% of this native prairie remains. Minnesota has lost an estimated 42% of its original 16 million acres of wetlands to drainage or fill activities. The loss of wetlands is most severe in the prairie regions of the state (approximately 90% loss).

The typical sites this Program will enroll are currently drained and farmed. These sites offer very limited ecological benefits in their current state. Through a combination of eligibility screening followed by a scoring and ranking process, the RIM Wetlands Program



evaluates each application, selecting those applications which will provide the greatest habitat and environmental benefits after restoration and protection.

The RIM Wetlands Program will protect and restore wetlands and adjacent upland area to native grassland via the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP). This \$10,398,000 appropriation has an expected FSA match of at least \$20,796,000 (2:1 Federal to State ratio). The project area will consist of the 54 Counties within the CREP area and the expected results are a total of 4,125 acres of permanently protected and restored wetlands and uplands on approximately 47 easements through this request. These acres will provide a healthy and plentiful supply of habitat for fish, game, and wildlife, especially for waterfowl and upland birds.

RIM Wetlands will be implemented through the CREP process, which utilizes both a 15 year CRP contract and a permanent RIM easement. This will be Minnesota's third CREP, and is able to offer a large-scale impact due to the unique opportunity to utilize a substantial federal match. Over the five year CREP period, we will enroll permanently protected wetlands and floodplain easements using a combination of the USDA Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) and the Reinvest in Minnesota (RIM) Reserve Program.

RIM Wetlands is a local-state-federal partnership delivered locally by Soil and Water Conservation Districts (SWCDs) and BWSR. In addition, the CREP partnership is possible through collaboration among many local, state and federal partners including the USDA-Farm Service Agency (FSA), USDA-Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), Pheasants Forever (PF), the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (MNDNR), Minnesota Department of Agriculture (MDA), Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA), Minnesota Department of Health (MDH), and over 70 supporting organizations and agencies.

BWSR staff will coordinate with Federal partners on the overall CREP process and program oversight. In addition, BWSR Staff will be responsible for easement acquisition. Local staff will promote CRP contracts and RIM easements, assist with easement processing and provide key essential technical assistance and project management services. Due to the reliance on local staff for implementation, the Farm Bill Assistance Partnership (FBAP) is included as a component of the RIM Wetlands Program. There is increased local workload expected with CREP signup and implementation, as a significantly increased number of easements will be secured within the CREP III area throughout the CREP timeframe.

How does the request address MN habitats that have: historical value to fish and wildlife, wildlife species of greatest conservation need, MN County Biological Survey data, and/or rare, threatened and endangered species inventories:

An expansion of wetland and prairie habitat availability through this proposed Program may alleviate pressure on those species that are most sensitive to habitat changes occurring on the landscape. This proposal targets wetlands and prairies, two of the three most important habitats used by the Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN).

Of the nearly 1200 known wildlife species in Minnesota, 292 species, or approximately one-fourth, are at risk because they are rare; their populations are declining due to loss of habitat. SGCN in the RIM Wetlands area include the Five-lined Skink, Blanding's Turtle, Two-spotted Skipper, Northern Pintail, American Black Duck, Grasshopper Sparrow, Upland Sandpiper, Sedge Wren, Dickcissel, and Western Grebe. In addition to the SGCN, the threatened or endangered species targeted in this proposal include the Dakota Skipper and Poweshiek Skipperling.

Diverse vegetation, access to a water resource, and protection from pesticides are important to Minnesota's native pollinator species. BWSR's native vegetation guidelines and pollinator initiative have outlined our commitment to protecting native pollinators. Complexes and corridors targeted through RIM Wetlands provide areas that are safe from pesticides and natural passageways for pollinators. Targeted pollinator species include the Monarch Butterfly and solitary bee species including Leafcutter Bees, Mason Bees, and Yellowfaced Bees.

"A statewide look at the species-habitat relationships show that prairies, rivers, and wetlands are the three habitats used by the most Species of Greatest Conservation Need" (Tomorrow's Habitat for the Wild & Rare, p.30). Prairie wetlands are particularly important for migratory waterfowl. Although the North American pothole region contains only about 10% of the waterfowl nesting habitat on the continent, it produces 70% of all North American waterfowl. This extensive loss of Minnesota's prairie and wetland habitat has led to the decline of many wildlife and plant species. RIM Wetlands will protect and restore this habitat.

Habitat loss in southeastern Minnesota is equally staggering, with over 100 resident plants and vertebrates listed as Endangered, Threatened, or Special Concern. Any threats to groundwater are amplified by the Karst geology of this area, and current land use also leads to sedimentation of trout streams.

Describe the science based planning and evaluation model used:

Through a combination of targeted outreach, eligibility screening, and a scoring and ranking process, RIM Wetlands evaluates each application on its potential to restore wetland/upland functions and values (optimize wildlife habitat benefits) and to provide other benefits including water quality. Each site is considered on its benefits to the surrounding landscape, ability to build upon existing

corridors and complexes, and site-specific features which highlight the benefits of selection for permanent protection and habitat with associated environmental benefits.

During the application process, a review of adjacent permanent habitat and easement size is conducted to indicate a site's usefulness as a corridor or extension to an existing habitat complex. In addition, other examples of the science-based targeting used include: proximity to T&E Species, contributing watershed area, and proximity of drainage to DNR Protected Waters, and the USFWS Habitat and Population Evaluation Team (HAPET) developed GIS Wildlife Habitat Potential Model for environmental evaluation.

This HAPET model is a consolidation of models representing an array of migratory birds that use the Minnesota Prairie Pothole Region (PPR) for breeding or migration. This has proved to be a reliable analysis of critical habitat for migratory birds and wetland dependent wildlife, accounting for the following indicator species:

- -Waterfowl (Thunderstorm map combined score for Mallard, Blue-winged Teal, Northern Shoveler, Gadwall, Pintail)
- -Migrant Shorebirds (Modeled spring migrant stopover landscapes. Combined the models for: Marbled Godwit, Willet, American Avocet; Wilson's Phalarope, Semipalmated Sandpiper; Upland Sandpiper, Hudsonian Godwit, Dunlin, White-rumped Sandpiper)
- -Breeding Shorebirds (landscape model for breeding Marbled Godwit)
- -Grassland birds (combined score for Bobolink, Clay-colored Sparrow, Dickcissel, Grasshopper Sparrow, LeConte's Sparrow, Savannah Sparrow, Sedge Wren, Western Meadowlark, Greater Prairie-chicken)
- -Waterbirds (Black Tern)

The Farm Service Agency and BWSR are currently formulating the signup criteria and scoring process. However, with CREP we expect similar science-based considerations that have been historically used by the RIM Wetlands Program. The Site Evaluation Form from the most recent RIM Wetlands signup has been attached to this proposal for reference.

Which sections of the Minnesota Statewide Conservation and Preservation Plan are applicable to this program:

- H5 Restore land, wetlands and wetland-associated watersheds
- H7 Keep water on the landscape

Which other plans are addressed in this program:

- Long Range Duck Recovery Plan
- Outdoor Heritage Fund: A 25 Year Framework

Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this program:

Forest / Prairie Transition:

• Protect, enhance, and restore wild rice wetlands, shallow lakes, wetland/grassland complexes, aspen parklands, and shoreland that provide critical habitat for game and nongame wildlife

Metro / Urban:

• Protect, enhance, and restore remnant native prairie, Big Woods forests, and oak savanna with an emphasis on areas with high biological diversity

Prairie:

• Protect, enhance, or restore existing wetland/upland complexes, or convert agricultural lands to new wetland/upland habitat complexes

Southeast Forest:

• Protect, enhance, and restore habitat for fish, game, and nongame wildlife in rivers, cold-water streams, and associated upland habitat

Relationship to other funds:

- Environmental and Natural Resource Trust Fund
- · Clean Water Fund

Describe the relationship of the funds:

The Farm Bill Assistance Partnership (FBAP) with BWSR, DNR, PF, NRCS, MASWCD, and SWCDs as primary partners, provides funding to SWCDs to utilize technicians to promote the conservation provisions of the Federal Farm Bill and other conservation program opportunities to private landowners. The Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund (ENRTF) via LCCMR recommendations provided \$1.0M in FY10-11, \$625,000 in FY12-13, \$3.0M in FY 14-15 and \$1.0M in FY 16-17. With CREP, we will need funding of approximately \$4.5 million per year from all sources to support this effort. The progression of the RIM Wetlands Program to reflect our standard RIM process meshes well with the use of FBAP technicians.

These other projects have only an indirect relationship due to the use of RIM perpetual easements:

Beginning in 2009, the BWSR has received FY10-11, FY12-13, FY14-15, and FY16-17 funding for a total of \$59.65 million through the Clean Water Fund (from the Clean Water, Land and Legacy Amendment) to establish and restore permanent RIM Reserve Riparian easements for buffers to keep water on the land in order to decrease sediment, pollutant and nutrient transport, reduce hydrological impacts to surface waters and increase infiltration for groundwater recharge. Some of these funds have been combined with LSOHC funding for buffers to increase the width and add wildlife habitat benefits to clean water buffers.

BWSR has also received funding in FY10-11, FY12-13, FY14-15, and FY16-17 totaling \$11 million from CWF for RIM Reserve easements in areas where the vulnerability of the drinking water supply management area is designated high or very high by the Minnesota Department of Health and in certain groundwater recharge areas in SE MN. These funds have not been matched with OHF funds but have, as secondary benefits, put 1700 acres of wildlife habitat on the ground.

How does this program include leverage in funds or other effort to supplement any OHF appropriation:

The Governor and 5 State Agency leaders (BWSR, DNR, MDA, MPCA, and MDH) have supported a Minnesota Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) for over 2 years. In December of 2015 the Governor submitted a CREP proposal to the USDA Secretary. Negotiations are nearly complete.

At a minimum, the CREP leverage will be \$2 of USDA funds for every \$1 of OHF funding. This will triple the achievements that OHF would've otherwise accomplished without this partnership, with a result of 4,125 acres instead of 1,375 acres of permanent protection.

Describe the source and amount of non-OHF money spent for this work in the past:

Appro priatio n Year	Source	Amount
2008, 2011, 2012	Bonding	Over \$13 million
2009-2012	Federal Wetlands Reserve Program	Approximately \$47 million

How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended:

Once a RIM easement is acquired, BWSR is responsible for maintenance, inspection and monitoring into perpetuity. The BWSR partners with local SWCDs to carry-out oversight, monitoring and inspection of its conservation easements. Easements are inspected for the first five consecutive years beginning in the year after the easement is recorded. Thereafter, on-site inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years. SWCDs report to BWSR on each site inspection conducted and partners' staff document findings. A non-compliance procedure is implemented when potential violations or problems are identified.

Perpetual monitoring and stewardship costs have been calculated at \$6,500 per easement. This value is based on using local SWCD staff for monitoring and landowner relations and existing enforcement authorities. The amount listed for Easement Stewardship cover costs of the SWCD regular monitoring, BWSR oversight, and any enforcement necessary.

Explain the things you will do in the future to maintain project outcomes:

Year	Source of Funds	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
2017-Ongoing	Stewardshin Account	•	,	Enforcement action taken by MN Attorney Generals office
2017-Ongoing	ll andowner Responsibility	Maintain compliance with easement terms		_

Activity Details:

If funded, this program will meet all applicable criteria set forth in MS 97A.056 - Yes

Will there be planting of corn or any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program - Yes

Explain

In certain circumstances food plots for wildlife are an allowable use on RIM easements and must be part of an approved Conservation Plan. Food plots on narrow buffers, steep slopes and wet areas are not allowed. RIM policy limits food plots to 10% of the total easement area or 5 acres whichever is smaller. There is no cost share for establishment of food plots and upon termination the landowners must reestablish the vegetation as prescribed in the Conservation Plan at their own expense. Food plots are a rarely selected option by landowners, to date only 2.2% of RIM easements have food plots.

Are any of the crop types planted GMO treated - No

Will the eased land be open for public use - No

Is the land you plan to acquire free of any other permanent protection - Yes

Who will manage the easement?

BWSR will be the responsible party for monitoring and enforcing easements.

Who will be the easement holder?

BWSR will be the easement holder.

Are there currently trails or roads on any of the acquisitions on the parcel list - Yes

Describe the types of trails or roads and the allowable uses:

This appropriation is funding a program that will have a parcel list identified at a later time. Roads or trails are typically excluded from the easement area if they serve no beneficial purpose to easement maintenance, monitoring, or enforcement. Existing trails and roads are identified during the easement acquisition process. Some roads and trails, such as agricultural field accesses, are allowed to remain.

Will the trails or roads remain and uses continue to be allowed after OHF acquisition - Yes

How will maintenance and monitoring be accomplished:

The easements secured under this project will be managed as part of the MN Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) RIM Reserve Program that has over 6,500 easements currently in place. Easements are monitored annually for each of the first 5 years and then every 3rd year after that. BWSR, in cooperation with Soil and Water Conservation Districts (SWCD), implement a stewardship process to track, monitor quality and assure compliance with easement terms.

Under the terms of the Reinvest In Minnesota (RIM) Easement Program, landowners are required to maintain compliance with the easement. A conservation plan is developed with the landowner and maintained as part of each easement. Basic easement compliance costs are borne by the landowner, periodic enhancements may be cost shared from a variety of sources.

Will new trails or roads be developed or improved as a result of the OHF acquisition - Yes

Describe the types of trails or roads and the allowable uses:

Though uncommon, there could be a potential for new trails to be developed, if they contribute to easement maintenance or benefit the easement site (e.g. firebreaks, berm maintenance, etc). Unauthorized trails identified during the monitoring process are in violation of the easement.

How will maintenance and monitoring be accomplished:

The easements secured under this project will be managed as part of the MN Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) RIM Reserve Program that has over 6,500 easements currently in place. Easements are monitored annually for each of the first 5 years and then every 3rd year after that. BWSR, in cooperation with Soil and Water Conservation Districts (SWCD), implement a stewardship process to track, monitor quality and assure compliance with easement terms.

Under the terms of the Reinvest In Minnesota (RIM) Easement Program, landowners are required to maintain compliance with the easement. A conservation plan is developed with the landowner and maintained as part of each easement. Basic easement compliance costs are borne by the landowner, periodic enhancements may be cost shared from a variety of sources.

Will restoration and enhancement work follow best management practices including MS 84.973 Pollinator Habitat Program - Yes

Is the activity on permanently protected land per 97A.056, subd 13(f), tribal lands, and/or public waters per MS 103G.005, Subd. 15 - Yes (RIM Perpetual Easements)

Accomplishment Timeline:

Activity	Approximate Date Completed
Obtain applications from eligible landowners	June 30, 2018
Allo cations to specific parcels	July 30, 2018
Easements recorded	June 30, 2021
Restorations completed and final report submitted	June 30, 2026

Date of Final Report Submission: 11/1/2026

Federal Funding:

Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program - Yes

Are the funds confirmed - Yes

Documentation

What are the types of funds? Cash Match - \$20796000 In-Kind Match - \$ Other -

Outcomes:

Programs in forest-prairie transition region:

• Wetland and upland complexes will consist of native prairies, restored prairies, quality grasslands, and restored shallow lakes and wetlands A summary of the total of wetland acres and associated native grasslands acquired through this appropriation will be reported. Onsite inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes. An increase of wetland and associated native grassland habitat availability within a certain region are expected to increase the carrying capacity of wetland-dependent and grassland-dependent wildlife within that region. This would have a positive impact on both game and nongame species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these complexes are restored.

Programs in metropolitan urbanizing region:

• Core areas protected with highly biologically diverse wetlands and plant communities, including native prairie, Big Woods, and oak savanna A summary of the total of wetland acres and associated native grasslands acquired through this appropriation will be reported. Onsite inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes. An increase of wetland and associated native grassland habitat availability within a certain region are expected to increase the carrying capacity of wetland-dependent and grassland-dependent wildlife within that region. This would have a positive impact on both game and nongame species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these complexes are restored.

Programs in southeast forest region:

• Stream to bluff habitat restoration and enhancement will keep water on the land to slow runoff and degradation of aquatic habitat A summary of the total of wetland acres and associated native grasslands acquired through this appropriation will be reported. On-site inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes. An increase of wetland and associated native grassland habitat availability within a certain region are expected to increase the carrying capacity of wetland-dependent and grassland-dependent wildlife within that region. This would have a positive impact on both game and nongame species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these complexes are restored.

Programs in prairie region:

- Protected, restored, and enhanced shallow lakes and wetlands A summary of the total of wetland acres and associated native grasslands acquired through this appropriation will be reported. On-site inspections are performed every three years and compliance checks are performed in the other two years to ensure maintained outcomes.
 - An increase of wetland and associated native grassland habitat availability within a certain region are expected to increase the carrying capacity of wetland-dependent and grassland-dependent wildlife within that region. This would have a positive impact on both game and nongame species. We expect more abundant populations of endangered, threatened, special concern and game species as these complexes are restored.

Budget Spreadsheet

Budget reallocations up to 10% do not require an amendment to the Accomplishment Plan

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recoomendation from the original proposed requested amount

A reduction in funding has reduced outputs proportionally. Program management costs are the exception, due to program management & oversight remaining consistent regardless of appropriation amount.

Total Amount of Request: \$ 10398000

Budget and Cash Leverage

BudgetName	LSOHC Request	Anticipated Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$621,500	\$0		\$621,500
Contracts	\$283,700	\$0		\$283,700
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	\$0	\$0		\$0
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	\$0	\$0		\$0
Easement Acquisition	\$8,916,900	\$20,796,000	USDA-FSA-CRP	\$29,712,900
Easement Stewardship	\$305,500	\$0		\$305,500
Travel	\$54,600	\$0		\$54,600
Pro fessional Services	\$0	\$0		\$0
Direct Support Services	\$114,400	\$0		\$114,400
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	\$0	\$0		\$0
Capital Equipment	\$0	\$0		\$0
Other Equipment/Tools	\$78,000	\$0		\$78,000
Supplies/Materials	\$23,400	\$0		\$23,400
DNR IDP	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	\$10,398,000	\$20,796,000		\$31,194,000

Personnel

Position	FTE	Over#ofyears	LSOHC Request	Anticipated Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Program Management	0.25	5.00	\$137,500	\$0		\$137,500
Easement Processing	0.60	3.00	\$126,500	\$0		\$126,500
Engineering/Eco Services	1.19	3.00	\$357,500	\$0		\$357,500
Total	2.04	11.00	\$621,500	\$0		\$621,500

Amount of Request: \$10,398,000

Amount of Leverage: \$20,796,000

Leverage as a percent of the Request: 200.00%

DSS + Personnel: \$735,900

As a % of the total request: 7.08%

How did you determine which portions of the Direct Support Services of your shared support services is direct to this program:

BWSR calculates direct support services costs that are directly related to and necessary for each request based on the type of work being done.

Does the amount in the contract line include R/E work?

No. The contract line amount will be used for payments to SWCD staff for easement implementation (includes Farm Bill Assistance Partnership). Estimated restoration costs are included in the easements acquisition line. We estimate that LSOHC Costs for restoration will amount to \$589,875.

Describe and explain leverage source and confirmation of funds:

In December of 2015 the Governor submitted a CREP proposal to the USDA Secretary. Negotiations are nearly complete.

Output Tables

Table 1a. Acres by Resource Type

Туре	Wetlands	Prairies	Forest	Habitats	Total
Restore	0	0	0	0	0
Pro tect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Easement	1,403	2,722	0	0	4,125
Enhance	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,403	2,722	0	0	4,125

Table 1b. How many of these Prairie acres are Native Prairie?

Туре	Native Prairie
Restore	0
Pro tect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0
Pro tect in Easement	0
Enhance	0
Total	0

Table 2. Total Funding by Resource Type

Туре	Wetlands	Prairies	Forest	Habitats	Total
Restore	\$200,600	\$389,300	\$0	\$0	\$589,900
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$3,334,800	\$6,473,300	\$0	\$0	\$9,808,100
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Tota	\$3,535,400	\$6,862,600	\$0	\$0	\$10,398,000

Table 3. Acres within each Ecological Section

Туре	Metro Urban	Fo rest Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N Forest	Total
Restore	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Easement	200	400	200	3,325	0	4,125
Enhance	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	200	400	200	3,325	0	4,125

Table 4. Total Funding within each Ecological Section

Туре	Metro Urban	Fo rest Prairie	SEForest	Prairie	N Forest	Total
Restore	\$29,500	\$59,000	\$29,500	\$471,900	\$0	\$589,900
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$490,400	\$980,800	\$490,400	\$7,846,500	\$0	\$9,808,100
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
То	tal \$519,900	\$1,039,800	\$519,900	\$8,318,400	\$0	\$10,398,000

Table 5. Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type

Туре	Wetlands	Prairies	Forest	Habitats
Restore	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$2377	\$2378	\$0	\$0
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Table 6. Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	Northern Forest
Restore	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$2452	\$2452	\$2452	\$2360	\$0
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

Λ

Parcel List

For restoration and enhancement programs ONLY: Managers may add, delete, and substitute projects on this parcel list based upon need, readiness, cost, opportunity, and/or urgency so long as the substitute parcel/project forwards the constitutional objectives of this program in the Project Scope table of this accomplishment plan. The final accomplishment plan report will include the final parcel list.

Section 1 - Restore / Enhance Parcel List

No parcels with an activity type restore or enhance.

Section 2 - Protect Parcel List

No parcels with an activity type protect.

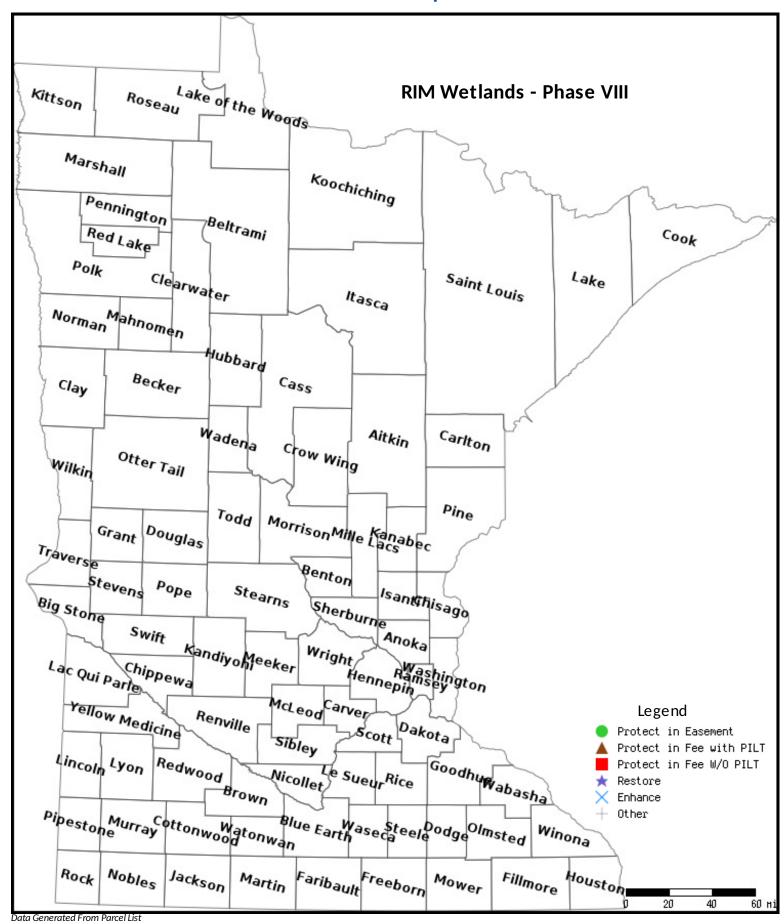
Section 2a - Protect Parcel with Bldgs

No parcels with an activity type protect and has buildings.

Section 3 - Other Parcel Activity

No parcels with an other activity type.

Parcel Map



Page **12** of **12**

RIM WETLANDS PROGRAM SITE EVALUATION FORM - Continued					
C.	ADDITIONAL WILDLIFE BENEFITS (maximum score 20)	Score			
	05101520				
De	termine score from Appendix 1 map and check appropriate score box				
D.	EASEMENT VALUE BENEFITS (maximum score 10)	Score			
	dditional points are being offered to landowners who agree to reduce the	No Reduction	0		
	alue of their easement payment. If points are taken, the final easement ayment to the landowner will be adjusted accordingly. Please check one of	5 Percent Reduction	2		
th	ne boxes to the right to indicate the landowners choice and choose the	10 Percent Reduction 15 Percent Reduction			
	orresponding easement payment adjustment option when completing the asement Payment Calculation Worksheet.	20 Percent Reduction	8		
L	sement Payment Calculation worksheet.	25 Percent Reduction	10		
E.	ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS (maximum score 10)	Score			
(Check all that Apply)					
1 The majority of area within the easement application is within a Prairie Plan Core or Corridor Area.					
2					
Endangered or Threatened species as identified by DNR Natural Heritage Database (State Special Concern species shall not be considered). Federal species to be considered include Endangered, Threatened, and					
Candidate species, including designated critical habitat (e.g. Topeka shiner).					
3	3 The restoration resulting from the easement application is a local high priority resource project which is				
specifically identified in an existing comprehensive plan (site specific projects only, not general focus			_ 2		
areas). Qualifying plans include state recognized local implementation plans, such as County					
Comprehensive Water Plan, Watershed District project plans, or groundwater protection plans.					
4	The easement application area buffers and/or the majority of runoff from it drains to and is within 1/2 mile of a DNR Protected Waters or designated aquatic management areas.				
5					
	(examples: sediment, phosphorus, hydrology, bacteria, nitrogen) as identified in a TMDL report or implementation plan or a Watershed Restoration and Projection Strategy (WRAPS).				
6	6 The majority of area within the easement application is within a defined Wellhead Protection Area				
7	7 The predominant soils (more than 50%) within the easement application area are HEL or PHEL.				
8 The majority of the contributing watershed(s) to the easement application area is in agricultural use.			_ 1		

Note: If points are taken for considerations 1 thru 6, additional documentation must be provided. Refer to Site Evaluation Form - Instruction documents for futher information.







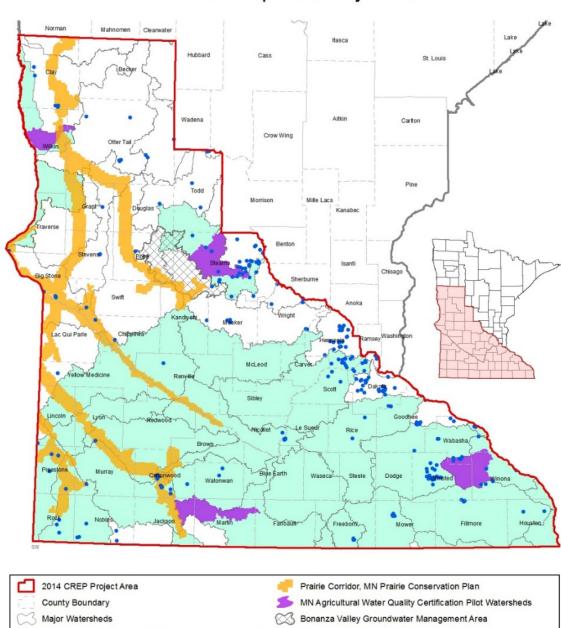
The Minnesota CREP



High or Very High Vulnerability, Drinking Water Supply Mgt. Areas



MN CREP Proposed Project Area



Nit. & Phos.: High Priority, MN Nutrient Reduction Strategy

Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council Comparison Report

Program Title: 2017 - RIM Wetlands - Phase VIII **Organization:** Board of Water and Soil Resources

Manager: Dave Rickert

Budget

Requested Amount: \$25,000,000 Appropriated Amount: \$10,398,000

Percentage: 41.59%

	Total	Requested	T o tal Appro priated		Percentage of Request	
Budget Item	LSOHC Request	Anticipated Leverage	Appro priated Amo unt	Anticipated Leverage	Percentage of Request	Percentage of Leverage
Personnel	\$1,279,200	\$0	\$621,500	\$0	48.59%	-
Contracts	\$287,500	\$0	\$283,700	\$0	98.68%	-
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Easement Acquisition	\$22,035,700	\$50,000,000	\$8,916,900	\$20,796,000	40.47%	41.59%
Easement Stewardship	\$747,500	\$0	\$305,500	\$0	40.87%	-
Travel	\$131,300	\$0	\$54,600	\$0	41.58%	-
Professional Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Direct Support Services	\$275,000	\$0	\$114,400	\$0	41.60%	-
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Capital Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Other Equipment/Tools	\$187,500	\$0	\$78,000	\$0	41.60%	-
Supplies/Materials	\$56,300	\$0	\$23,400	\$0	41.56%	-
DNR IDP	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Total	\$25,000,000	\$50,000,000	\$10,398,000	\$20,796,000	41.59%	41.59%

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

A reduction in funding has reduced outputs proportionally. Program management costs are the exception, due to program management & oversight remaining consistent regardless of appropriation amount.

Output

Table 1a. Acres by Resource Type

Туре	Total Proposed	T o tal in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	0	-
Pro tect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Pro tect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Pro tect in Easement	10,000	4,125	41.25%
Enhance	0	0	-

Table 2. Total Funding by Resource Type

Туре	T o tal Proposed	Total in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	589,900	-
Pro tect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Pro tect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Pro tect in Easement	25,000,000	9,808,100	39.23%
Enhance	0	0	-

Table 3. Acres within each Ecological Section

Туре	T o tal Proposed	Total in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	0	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Pro tect in Easement	10,000	4,125	41.25%
Enhance	0	0	-

Table 4. Total Funding within each Ecological Section

Туре	Total Proposed	Total in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	589,900	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Easement	25,000,000	9,808,100	39.23%
Enhance	0	0	