## Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council Laws of Minnesota 2017 Accomplishment Plan

#### Date: October 11, 2016

Program or Project Title: DNR WMA and SNA Acquisition - Phase IX

Funds Recommended: \$4,437,000

Manager's Name: Patrick Rivers Title: Division of Fish and Wildlife Land Acquisition Supervisor Organization: MN DNR Address: 500 Lafayette Road City: St. Paul, MN 55155 Office Number: 651-259-5209 Email: pat.rivers@state.mn.us

#### Legislative Citation: ML 2017, Ch. X, Art. X, Sec. X

#### Appropriation Language:

**County Locations:** Brown, Dodge, Jackson, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Martin, Murray, Norman, Redwood, Renville, Swift, Watonwan, Wilkin, and Yellow Medicine.

#### Regions in which work will take place:

- Prairie
- Southeast Forest

#### Activity types:

• Protect in Fee

#### Priority resources addressed by activity:

- Forest
- Prairie

#### Abstract:

Acquire 960 acres of high priority habitat for designation as Wildlife Management Area (Prairie Planning Section) or Scientific and Natural Area (Prairie and SE Forest Planning Sections) emphasizing Prairie Conservation Plan implementation and coordination with partners. All lands will be open for public hunting and fishing (where applicable). WMA accomplishment is based on \$5,000 per acre and should be considered a minimum estimate.

#### Design and scope of work:

Approximately 960 acres of wildlife habitat will be protected through fee title acquisition and development as Wildlife Management Areas (WMAs, 500 acres) and Scientific & Natural Areas (SNAs, 460 acres). While no match is indicated in this proposal, Outdoor Heritage appropriations to DNR for WMA and SNA acquisitions have been matched by donations, Reinvest in Minnesota Critical Habitat Match, and Surcharge (a \$6.50 surcharge on small game license sales to be used in part for land acquisition) at approximately 25% (1 dollar of match to 4 dollars of OHF).

Wildlife Management Areas. WMAs protect lands and waters which have a high potential for wildlife production and develop and manage these lands and waters for public hunting, fishing and trapping, and for other compatible outdoor recreational uses such as wildlife watching and hiking. While highly successful, the current WMA system does not meet all present and future needs for wildlife habitat, wildlife population management, hunter access and wildlife related recreation. This is notably true in the Prairie Ecological



planning section where public ownership in some counties is less than 2 percent. DNR Section of Wildlife uses a GIS- based tool to identify the highest priority tracts for potential WMA acquisitions. This quantitative approach scores and ranks acquisition proposals based on a set of weighted criteria and creates a standardized method for evaluating proposed acquisitions on a statewide level. Criteria and weights are periodically reviewed and adapted to changing conditions and priorities. This ensures that funds are used to acquire available lands consistent with the statutory purpose of WMAs. The WMA acquisition program is guided by the 2002 Citizens' Committee report developed with a diverse group of eleven major stakeholder groups. Potential acquisition opportunities from willing sellers are coordinated with stakeholders and partners to eliminate duplication and identify concerns and support. Coordinating with partners has been successful to ensure we are working cooperatively and on priority parcels.

Scientific & Natural Areas. The SNA Program will increase public hunting and fishing opportunities while protecting sites with outstanding natural values. Protection is targeted at high priority areas identified in the SNA Strategic Land Protection Plan with emphasis on prairie core areas identified in the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan. A quantitative system scores and ranks acquisition proposals based on a weighted set of six criteria. Priority is given to sites of high and outstanding biodiversity significance by the Minnesota Biological Survey, high quality native plant communities and habitat for endangered and threatened species. Larger parcels which adjoin other conservation lands, improve habitat management, are under imminent threat and are partially donated are also rated highly.

Properties acquired through this appropriation require County Board of Commissioners' approval in the county of acquisition, will be designated as WMA or SNA through a Commissioner's Designation Order, brought up to minimum DNR standards, and listed on the DNR website. Basic site improvements will include boundary and LSOHC acknowledgement signs and may include any necessary site cleanup and restoration of agricultural fields and minimal parking area development.

# How does the request address MN habitats that have: historical value to fish and wildlife, wildlife species of greatest conservation need, MN County Biological Survey data, and/or rare, threatened and endangered species inventories:

Potential acquisitions for WMAs and SNAs are objectively scored for their wildlife habitat value. The DNR uses weighted criteria and prioritizes high scoring parcels for acquisition. For example, candidates for WMAs score higher with a prairie grouse lek, presence of shallow lakes, and occurrence of deer wintering areas; candidates for WMAs and SNAs score higher which contain threatened, endangered, and other rare species and species of greatest conservation need and which are high quality native plant communities which support wildlife. As a focus on native prairie protection, parcels with native prairie are prioritized.

Native plant communities with exceptional value as wildlife habitat to be protected through this proposal include mesic prairie, dry hill prairie, northern wet prairie, rock outcrop (prairie), sugar maple-basswood (bitternut hickory) forest, floodplain forest, mesic and dry cliffs, and white cedar-yellow birch forest.

The following species of greatest conservation need and rare species have documented occurrences on or near parcels targeted in WMA and SNA acquisition through this appropriation: mammals – white-tailed jackrabbit, Canada lynx, prairie vole, harvest mouse, northern grasshopper mouse, and western harvest mouse; birds – greater prairie chicken, chestnut-collared longspur (endangered), upland sandpiper, American bittern, marbled godwit, Nelson's sparrow, black-throated blue warbler; reptiles/amphibians: wood turtle (threatened) and mudpuppy; fish – redside dace, black redhorse, Topeka shiner and American brook lamprey; invertebrates – regal fritillary; and plants – butternut (endangered), golden-seal (endangered), yellow prairie violet (threatened), glade mallow (threatened), small white lady's-slipper, northern gentian, Hall's sedge, bunch speargrass, cutleaf ironplant, white prairie clover, Carolina spring beauty, and white baneberry.

#### Describe the science based planning and evaluation model used:

The DNR uses GIS-based scoring systems to objectively rank potential acquisitions and develop statewide priority lists. These systems incorporate scientific data giving priority to locations within: 1) an important habitat corridor or complex (such as identified by the Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan, SNA Strategic Land Protection Plan, and the new Minnesota Wildlife Action Plan), 2) native plant communities and sites of outstanding and high biodiversity significance mapped by Minnesota Biological Survey (MBS), and 3) parcels that adjoin existing units or other conservation lands. In addition, scoring takes into account habitat containing endangered, threatened, and other rare species (see below), watershed/wetland qualities as well as habitat management considerations and suitability for public access, hunting and fishing.

## Which sections of the Minnesota Statewide Conservation and Preservation Plan are applicable to this program:

- H1 Protect priority land habitats
- H3 Improve connectivity and access to recreation

#### Which other plans are addressed in this program:

- Minnesota DNR Scientific and Natural Area's Long Range Plan
- Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan

#### Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this program:

#### Prairie:

• Protect, enhance, and restore remnant native prairie, Big Woods forests, and oak savanna

#### Southeast Forest:

• Protect, enhance, and restore habitat for fish, game, and nongame wildlife in rivers, cold-water streams, and associated upland habitat

#### **Relationship to other funds:**

• Not Listed

#### Describe the relationship of the funds:

Not Listed

## How does this program include leverage in funds or other effort to supplement any OHF appropriation:

Historically, Outdoor Heritage Fund appropriations to DNR for WMA and SNA acquisitions have been matched by donations, Reinvest in Minnesota Critical Habitat Match, and Surcharge (a \$6.50 surcharge on small game license sales to be used in part for land acquisition) at approximately 25% (1 dollar of match to 4 dollars of OHF). While not being listed in this proposal, we anticipate this trend will continue and OHF dollars will be matched by 25% of other funds (see attachment). Many of the landowners that sell to the State do so out of a conservation ethic and are willing to donate value. In prioritizing parcels that have similar habitat value, a landowner willing to donate value will be the priority.

Our practice is to inform all landowners of the appraised value of their respective property. It is up to them if they want to donate a portion of the value.

#### Describe the source and amount of non-OHF money spent for this work in the past:

Appropriation Year	Source	Amount
2008	WMABonding	\$5000000
2010	SNA ENRTF	\$1096400
2011	SNA ENRTF	\$403000
2011	WMA Surcharge	\$1830000
2011	WMA Reinvest in MN Critical Habitat Match	\$824259
2012	WMA Reinvest in MN Critical Habitat Match	\$864750
2012	SNA Reinvest in MN Critical Habitat Match	\$720000
2013	SNA ENRTF	\$1500000
2013	WMA Surcharge	\$1968000
2014	WMA Bonding Reinvest in MN Critical Habitat Match	\$2000000
2014	SNA ENRTF	\$1115450
2008	SNA ENRTF	\$1000000
2014	WMA Surcharge	\$1860000
2015	SNA ENRTF	\$2440800
2015	WMA ENRTF	\$400000
2015	WMA Surcharge	1615000
2016	SNA ENRTF (Pending)	2613980
2008	SNA Bonding	\$2700000
2008	WMA Reinvest in MN Critical Habitat Match	\$1684262
2008	WMA ENRTF	\$1000000
2009	WMA Reinvest in MN Critical Habitat Match	\$3072138
2009	SNA ENRTF	1026000
2010	WMA Reinvest in MN Critical Habtat Match	\$2308358
2010	WMA Bonding	\$500000

#### How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended:

According to WMA/AMA Directive on development standards, WMAs are developed to at least minimum standards within two years of acquisition for facility and habitat development that will provide basic asset preservation, public access and safety, environmental and cultural resource protection and soil and water resource conservation. Often restoration efforts can extend 2-3 years beyond the "minimum standard" time table to establish high quality native plant community restorations. All new WMA acquisitions require a WMA Initial Development Plan (IDP) be completed by the Area Wildlife Supervisor responsible for land management and approved by the Region. SNAs have similar standards with site specific work being directed by each site's Adaptive Management Plan. As part of the state outdoor recreation system, ongoing maintenance will be accomplished through routine management activities accomplished by our network of DNR offices. Periodic enhancements will be accomplished by existing staff, CCM crews, temporary project staffing, through vendor contract or by volunteers if appropriate.

Long-term management costs (e.g., invasive species treatments, prescribed fire, and monitoring/evaluation) will be covered by a combination funding sources, including, but not limited to the Game and Fish Fund, ENRTF, Outdoor Heritage Fund, federal grants, and small game surcharge, as approriate.

#### Explain the things you will do in the future to maintain project outcomes:

Year	Source of Funds	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
2019	Outdoor Heritage, ML 2017	Post signs on all acquired lands	Initial site development	
2020	CUITCOOLHERITSGE MI 2017	Native vegetation planted, wetlands restored (as needed)		
2021	Campand Lich Surcharge other	Standard management of acquired lands.		

#### **Activity Details:**

If funded, this program will meet all applicable criteria set forth in MS 97A.056 - Yes

Will there be planting of corn or any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program - Yes

#### Explain

The primary purposes of WMAs are to develop and manage for the production of wildlife and for compatible outdoor recreation. To fulfill those goals, the DNR may use limited farming specifically to enhance or benefit the management of state lands for wildlife.

Lands proposed to be acquired as WMAs may include initial development plans or restoration plans to utilize farming to prepare previously farmed sites for native plant seeding. This is a standard practice across the Midwest to prepare the seedbed for native seed planting. On a small percentage of WMAs (less than 2.5%), DNR uses farming to provide a winter food source for a variety of wildlife species in agriculture-dominated landscapes largely devoid of winter food sources.

Are any of the crop types planted GMO treated - Yes

Will local government approval be sought prior to acquisition - Yes

Is the land you plan to acquire free of any other permanent protection - No

Some lands proposed for acquisition may contain a portion of protected land (e.g., a 160 acre parcel has 7.6 acres of protection). In these cases, we will appraise protected acres separately and seek to have that value donated or pay for them using non-OHF funds.

Is this land currently open for hunting and fishing - No

Will the land be open for hunting and fishing after completion - Yes

All lands to be acquired will be open for hunting and fishing per State of Minnesota and local regulations.

Who will eventually own the fee title land?

State of MN.

Are there currently trails or roads on any of the acquisitions on the parcel list - No

Will new trails or roads be developed or improved as a result of the OHF acquisition - No

#### **Accomplishment Timeline:**

Activity	Approximate Date Completed
Acquire in fee 500 acres for designation as Wildlife Management Area	06/30/2019
Acquire in fee 460 acres for designation as Scientific and Natural Area	06/30/2019
Prepare acquired lands at least to minimum development standards, including signage, parking areas, and native vegetation planting, if necessary	06/30/2021

#### Date of Final Report Submission: 11/1/2021

#### **Federal Funding:**

Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program - No

#### **Outcomes:**

#### Programs in southeast forest region:

• High priority riparian lands, forestlands, and savannas are protected from parcelization and fragmentation Outcomes are miles of undeveloped river shoreline protected and acres of high quality native forest which provides habitat for endangered, threatened, and special concern such as butternut, wood turtle, mudpuppy, redside dace, black redhorse, and American brook lamprey.

#### Programs in prairie region:

• Key core parcels are protected for fish, game and other wildlife Acres of native prairie protected and grassland protected/restored.

## **Budget Spreadsheet**

Budget reallocations up to 10% do not require an amendment to the Accomplishment Plan

## How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recoomendation from the original proposed requested amount

We will acquire fewer acres than originally proposed, and will focus on the highest priority parcels.

#### Total Amount of Request: \$ 4437000

#### Budget and Cash Leverage

BudgetName	LSOHC Request	Anticipated Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$75,000	\$0		\$75,000
Contracts	\$260,000	\$0		\$260,000
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	\$3,900,000	\$0		\$3,900,000
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	\$0	\$0		\$0
Easement Acquisition	\$0	\$0		\$0
Easement Stewardship	\$0	\$0		\$0
Travel	\$9,000	\$0		\$9,000
Pro fessional Services	\$125,000	\$0		\$125,000
Direct Support Services	\$20,000	\$0		\$20,000
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	\$0	\$0		\$0
Capital Equipment	\$0	\$0		\$0
Other Equipment/Tools	\$0	\$0		\$0
Supplies/Materials	\$48,000	\$0		\$48,000
DNR IDP	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	\$4,437,000	\$0		\$4,437,000

#### Personnel

Position	FTE	Over # of years LSOHC Request Anticipated Leverage		Anticipated Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
	0.33	3.00	\$75,000	\$0		\$75,000
Total	0.33	3.00	\$75,000	\$0		\$75,000

Amount of Request:	\$4,437,000
Amount of Leverage:	\$0
Leverage as a percent of the Request:	0.00%
DSS + Personnel:	\$95,000
As a % of the total request:	2.14%

#### How did you determine which portions of the Direct Support Services of your shared support services is direct to this program:

DNR uses a standardized spreadsheet that has been developed by our Office of Management and Budget Services.

#### Does the amount in the contract line include R/E work?

Some of the contract money is used to develop the lands acquired to minimum standards. For instance, this could include activities/expenses for "restoring" bare ground to native vegetation or temporary ground cover. The acres are not counted as restoration, but rather are considered a necessary investment in the protected acres. Acres are only reported once as protected, and not a second time when restored or brought to minimum standards.

#### Describe and explain leverage source and confirmation of funds:

Not Listed

## **Output Tables**

#### Table 1a. Acres by Resource Type

Туре	Wetlands	Prairies	Forest	Habitats	Total
Restore	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	685	275	0	960
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Easement	0	0	0	0	0
Enhance	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	685	275	0	960

#### Table 1b. How many of these Prairie acres are Native Prairie?

Туре	Native Prairie
Restore	0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	225
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0
Pro tect in Easement	0
Enhance	0
Total	225

#### Table 2. Total Funding by Resource Type

Туре	Wetlands	Prairies	Forest	Habitats	Total
Restore	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$3,665,000	\$772,000	\$0	\$4,437,000
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$0	\$3,665,000	\$772,000	\$0	\$4,437,000

#### Table 3. Acres within each Ecological Section

Туре	Metro Urban	ForestPrairie	SEForest	Prairie	N Forest	Total
Restore	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	0	0	275	685	0	960
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protect in Easement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Enhance	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	275	685	0	960

#### Table 4. Total Funding within each Ecological Section

Туре	Metro Urban	ForestPrairie	SEForest	Prairie	N Forest	Total
Restore	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$772,000	\$3,665,000	\$0	\$4,437,000
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$0	\$0	\$772,000	\$3,665,000	\$0	\$4,437,000

#### Table 5. Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type

Туре	Wetlands	Prairies	Forest	Habitats
Restore	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$5350	\$2807	\$0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### Table 6. Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	Northern Forest
Restore	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$2807	\$5350	\$0
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Protect in Easement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Enhance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

## **Parcel List**

For restoration and enhancement programs ONLY: Managers may add, delete, and substitute projects on this parcel list based upon need, readiness, cost, opportunity, and/or urgency so long as the substitute parcel/project forwards the constitutional objectives of this program in the Project Scope table of this accomplishment plan. The final accomplishment plan report will include the final parcel list.

#### Section 1 - Restore / Enhance Parcel List

No parcels with an activity type restore or enhance.

#### Section 2 - Protect Parcel List

Brown

BIOWII						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Coal Mine Creek WMA	10936215	235	\$2,000,000	No	Full	Full
Wood Lake WMA	10833229	160	\$800,000	No	Full	Full
Dodge						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Middle Fork Zumbro River SNA	10816218	730	\$2,190,000	No	Full	Full
Jackson		•		•		
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
North Heron WMA	10437232	144	\$100,000	No	Full	Full
Kandiyohi		•		•	•	•
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Regal Flats WMA	12233210	196	\$415,000	No	Full	Full
Lac qui Parle		•				
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Baxter WMA	11742204	80	\$400,000	No	Full	Full
Yello w Bank Hills SNA	11845204	15	\$60,000	No	Full	Full
Lincoln	-					
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Blue Wing WMA	11246236	53	\$215,000	No	Full	Full
Martin						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Caron WMA	10333224	77	\$500,000	No	Full	Full
Murray						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Hovno WMA	10541215	90	\$511,000	No	Full	Full
Norman						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Twin Valley WMA	14344229	40	\$80,000	No	Full	Full
Redwood						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Phyllis Voosen WMA	11238220	314	\$1,100,000	Yes	Full	Full
Renville						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Beaver Falls Rock Outcrop SNA	11335220	20	\$80,000	No	Full	Full
Swift	•	· ·		-	-	
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Camp Kerk WMA	12237218	24	\$50,000	No	Full	Full
Watonwan	-	- •		-	-	
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Younger Brothers WMA	10731223	69	\$330,000	No	Full	Full

Wilkin

Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
DowPrairie SNA	13545217	506	\$1,337,900	No	Full	Full
ellow Medicine						
Name	T RDS	Acres	EstCost	Existing Protection?	Hunting?	Fishing?
Mound Spring Prairie	11546218	160	\$800,000	Νο	Full	Full

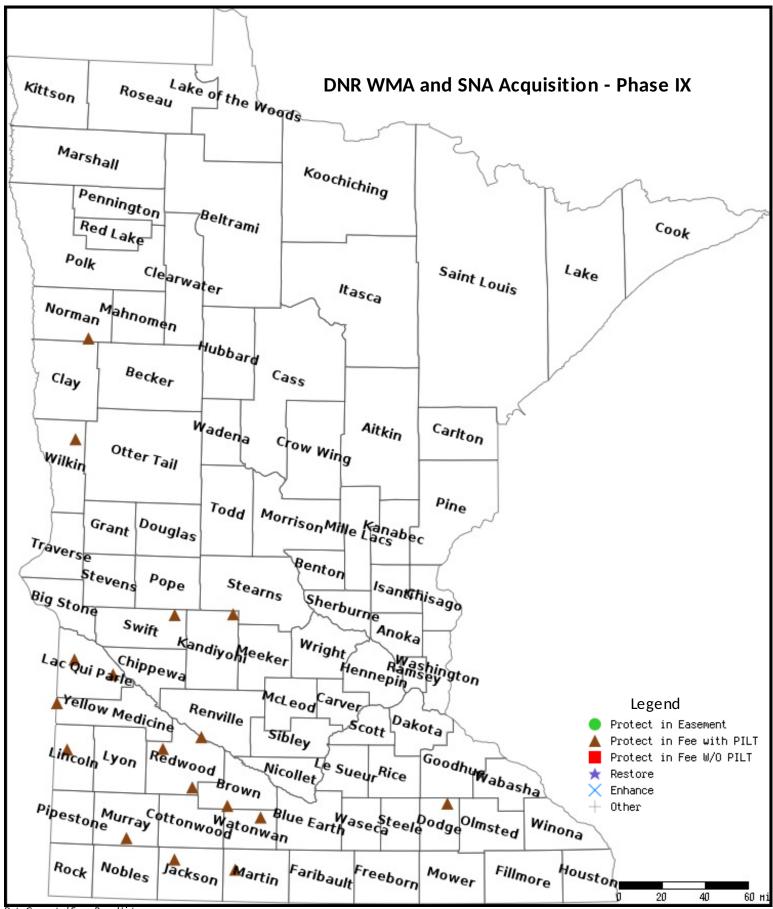
### Section 2a - Protect Parcel with Bldgs

No parcels with an activity type protect and has buildings.

#### Section 3 - Other Parcel Activity

No parcels with an other activity type.

### **Parcel Map**



Data Generated From Parcel List

## Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council Comparison Report

**Program Title:** 2017 - DNR WMA and SNA Acquisition - Phase IX **Organization:** MN DNR **Manager:** Patrick Rivers

## **Budget**

Requested Amount: \$15,000,000 Appropriated Amount: \$4,437,000 Percentage: 29.58%

	T o ta	Requested	T o tal Appro priated		Percentage	e of Request
BudgetItem	LSOHC Request	Anticipated Leverage	Appropriated Amount	Anticipated Leverage	Percentage of Request	Percentage of Leverage
Personnel	\$191,000	\$0	\$75,000	\$0	39.27%	-
Contracts	\$1,125,000	\$0	\$260,000	\$0	23.11%	-
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	\$13,210,000	\$0	\$3,900,000	\$0	29.52%	-
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Easement Acquisition	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Easement Stewardship	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Travel	\$10,000	\$0	\$9,000	\$0	90.00%	-
Professional Services	\$350,000	\$0	\$125,000	\$0	35.71%	-
Direct Support Services	\$34,000	\$0	\$20,000	\$0	58.82%	-
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Capital Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Other Equipment/Tools	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Supplies/Materials	\$80,000	\$0	\$48,000	\$0	60.00%	-
DNR IDP	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Total	\$15,000,000	\$0	\$4,437,000	\$0	29.58%	-

How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

We will acquire fewer acres than originally proposed, and will focus on the highest priority parcels.

## Output

#### Table 1a. Acres by Resource Type

Туре	T o tal Proposed	T o tal in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	0	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	3,370	960	28.49%
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Easement	0	0	-
Enhance	0	0	-

#### Table 2. Total Funding by Resource Type

Туре	T o tal Pro po sed	T o tal in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	0	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	15,000,000	4,437,000	29.58%
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Easement	0	0	-
Enhance	0	0	-

#### Table 3. Acres within each Ecological Section

Туре	T o tal Pro po sed	T o tal in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	0	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	3,370	960	28.49%
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Easement	0	0	-
Enhance	0	0	-

#### Table 4. Total Funding within each Ecological Section

Туре	T o tal Proposed	T o tal in AP	Percentage of Proposed
Restore	0	0	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	15,000,000	4,437,000	29.58%
Protect in Fee W/O State PILT Liability	0	0	-
Protect in Easement	0	0	-
Enhance	0	0	